2RP: Responses to Recommendations & Voluntary Pledges

SIERRA LEONE

Second Review
Session 24

Adoption in the Plenary: 24 June 2016

Sierra Leone’s responses to recommendations (01.09.16):

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<th>In the Report of the Working Group:</th>
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<td>No response, all pending</td>
<td>Of the 208 recs, 177 were accepted and 31 were noted</td>
<td>No additional information provided</td>
<td>Accepted: 177 Noted: 31 Total: 208</td>
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Paragraph headers are as in the Report of the Working Group, but the nature of responses to recommendations may have subsequently been changed.

List of recommendations contained in Section II of the Report of the Working Group A/HRC/32/16:

111. The following recommendations will be examined by Sierra Leone, which will provide its responses in due time, but no later than the thirty-second session of the Human Rights Council, in June 2016:

A - 111.1 Sign and ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty, as well as eliminate definitively the death penalty in all cases (Spain);

A - 111.2 Ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Switzerland) (Belgium) (Montenegro) (France);

A - 111.3 Ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Benin);

A - 111.4 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture (Honduras);
A - 111.5 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (Poland);

A - 111.6 Ratify without further delay the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment (Denmark);

A - 111.7 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatments or Punishments, following its signature in 2003 (Croatia);

A - 111.8 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and establish a national preventive mechanism accordingly (Czech Republic);

A - 111.9 Take the necessary measures to ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture (Chile);

A - 111.10 Continue efforts to ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (Morocco);

A - 111.11 Ratify the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance and the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture (Tunisia);

A - 111.12 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman and or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, and the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (France);

A - 111.13 Ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty, and the Convention against Torture, as well as its Optional Protocol (Portugal);

A - 111.14 Ratify the Convention against Torture and its Optional Protocol (Lebanon);

A - 111.15 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women and the Optional Protocol to the Convention against Torture (Djibouti);

A - 111.16 Sign and ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Djibouti);

A - 111.17 Ratify the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment, and the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance, and ensure their implementation in the country (Cabo Verde);

A - 111.18 Consider the ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women; the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families; and the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Burkina Faso);

A - 111.19 Finalize the process of the ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women and ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure (Slovakia);
A - 111.20 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Belgium) (Ghana);

A - 111.21 Move towards speedy ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, including an effective programme for their implementation (Chile);

A - 111.22 Expedite the process of ratification of the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Burundi);

A - 111.23 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women, adopt national legislation prohibiting female genital mutilation and implement standards on women’s rights in order to ensure that they can enjoy autonomy (Madagascar);

A - 111.24 Ratify the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Benin);

A - 111.25 Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearances (Montenegro) (Niger);

A - 111.26 Ratify the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Oman);

A - 111.27 Accelerate the process towards the ratification of International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families and the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Philippines);

A - 111.28 Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Honduras);

A - 111.29 Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families (Niger);

A - 111.30 Expedite the process of ratification of the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Indonesia);

A - 111.31 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Ghana);

A - 111.32 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities (Ghana);

A - 111.33 Accede to the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Armenia);

A - 111.34 Ratify the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide (Benin);

A - 111.35 Ratify the International Labour Organization Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Convention, 1989 (No. 169) and Domestic Workers Convention, 2011 (No. 189) (Benin);
A - 111.36 Consider ratifying the International Labour Organization Domestic Workers Convention, 2011 (No. 189) (Philippines);

A - 111.37 Ratify international instruments as previously recommended and supported in the first universal periodic review, as appropriate (Uruguay);

A - 111.38 Step up the ratification procedure of all the international instruments submitted to Parliament (Congo);

A - 111.39 Continue efforts in the context of the Constitutional Review Process (South Africa);

A - 111.40 Accelerate the Constitutional Review Process (Lesotho);

A - 111.41 Expedite the review of the Constitution and make appropriate amendments in order to align the national legislation and policies with regional and international human rights obligations undertaken by the country (Chile);

A - 111.42 Speed up the review process of its Constitution and include special considerations regarding equality between men and women (Israel);

A - 111.43 Strengthen efforts to make effective the Constitutional Reform already under way (Niger);

A - 111.44 Continue to implement the recommendations of the Truth and Reconciliation Commission, emphasizing the review and amendment of the constitutional provisions which could discriminate against women, in particular paragraph 4 of article 27 of the Constitution (Colombia);

A - 111.45 Ensure the effective implementation of the Domestic Violence Act and the Sexual Offences Act, specially by promoting access to justice (Brazil);

A - 111.46 Continue to enact specific legislation to implement the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Pakistan);

A - 111.47 Ensure that all legal standards are in conformity with the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women and actively fight against the practice of female genital mutilation (France);

N - 111.48 Enact legislation to prohibit female genital mutilation and conduct awareness-raising programmes in this regard, particularly for parents, women and girls (Poland);

A - 111.49 Domesticate the international human rights law (Zambia);

A - 111.50 Allocate more resources and double efforts with the aim to conclude the ongoing legal reforms to harmonize national laws with international human rights standards and obligations (Malaysia);

A - 111.51 Strengthen key human rights institutions with a sharp focus on the protection of women and children (Lesotho);

A - 111.52 Provide its National Human Rights Commission with adequate funding in order for it to be able to fulfil its role (Portugal);
A - 111.53 Ensure the independence of the National Human Rights Commission (Egypt);

A - 111.54 Continue to advance the work of the National Commission for Human Rights through, among others, developing a comprehensive human rights national action plan (Indonesia);

A - 111.55 Incorporate lessons learned from the Ebola crisis in future policies and actions for human rights promotion and protection, including in the Constitutional Review Process (Jamaica);

A - 111.56 To continue to promote and protect the fundamental freedoms and human rights of all its citizens (Nigeria);

A - 111.57 Continue the implementation of the National Referral Protocol on Gender-based Violence and the National Plan of Action on Gender-based Violence (2012) all across the country (Azerbaijan);

A - 111.58 Take effective measures to further implement the National Action Plan on Gender-based Violence (Lao People’s Democratic Republic);

A - 111.59 Continue with measures aimed at protecting and respecting civil and political rights (Côte d’Ivoire);

A - 111.60 Implement a national strategy against corruption in order to fight against its effects that impair the enjoyment of human rights (Morocco);

A - 111.61 Submit the belated national reports to the treaty bodies (Egypt);

A - 111.62 Take concreate measures to eliminate discrimination against women and girls in law and in practice, also by accelerating the constitutional review in the area of gender equality (Slovenia);

A - 111.63 Ensure gender equality by including it in the Constitution and enact relevant laws, namely, on the empowerment of women and gender equality, and to combat stereotypes that encourage discrimination against women (Egypt);

N - 111.64 Pass a law guaranteeing gender equality and take the necessary measures to empower women and society (Oman);

A - 111.65 Redouble efforts to implement laws and policies countrywide to promote gender equality (Honduras);

A - 111.66 Take measures to enforce laws and policies to promote equality between men and women (Madagascar);

A - 111.67 Take temporary special measures to address gender equality and consider reintroducing the gender equality bill to Parliament (Maldives);

A - 111.68 Undertake efforts to combat gender inequality by legislating laws that would ensure gender equality and to enable women to participate in governmental legislative positions in the country (Iraq);

A - 111.69 Take all necessary measures to ensure that girls are protected against any discrimination and violence in schools, and that pregnant teenagers enjoy equal access to education (Slovenia);
A - 111.70 Eliminate effectively discrimination against women and develop a comprehensive policy for gender equality and the elimination of violence against women through awareness-raising campaigns in society and in the public administration (Spain);

A - 111.71 Continue taking measures to protect women from traditional practices which hinder full realization of their rights, and continue implementing regulations to end all forms of discrimination against them (Pakistan);

A - 111.72 Continue efforts to end discrimination and violence against women by taking all necessary measures to guarantee equal and effective access to justice for women and to ensure access to all levels of education (Djibouti);

N - 111.73 Put an end to the measures that exclude young pregnant girls from the educational system (Belgium);

N - 111.74 Reverse the policy barring pregnant girls from attending schools and sitting state examinations, and encourage girls to return to school after childbirth (Ireland);

N - 111.75 End the practice of prohibiting pregnant girls in Sierra Leone from attending schools and taking exams, as required under article 2 and 28 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Canada);

N - 111.76 Permit teenage mothers to return to formal education and to sit exams while pregnant and after giving birth, including the use of gradual approaches, such as separate classes or sittings, aimed at breaking cycles of poverty, teenage pregnancy and domestic abuse (Jamaica);

A - 111.77 Step up its efforts to combat discrimination against women and prohibit corporal punishment of children in all circumstances (Tunisia);

A - 111.78 Continue the efforts to promote parity between men and women (Algeria);

A - 111.79 Adopt the bill on gender equality with a view to ensuring gender parity, particularly in the participation to governance and to the nomination of positions within the public sector (Democratic Republic of the Congo);

N - 111.80 Decriminalize same-sex conduct between consenting adults and pass legislation to prohibit discrimination based on sexual orientation or gender identity (Canada);

N - 111.81 Repeal sections 61 and 62 of the “Offences Against the Persons Act 1861”, which criminalize consensual same-sex relations (Netherlands);

N - 111.82 Repeal legal provisions penalising sexual relations between consenting adults of the same sex, in order to respect the principles of equality and non-discrimination among all persons (France);

N - 111.83 Make the necessary legal amendments in order to eliminate standards that criminalize and stigmatize lesbian, bisexual, gay, transgender and intersex persons (Argentina);

N - 111.84 Encourage the adoption of measures to guarantee the human rights of the lesbian, bisexual, gay, transgender and intersex population (Colombia);

N - 111.85 Strengthen norms and programmes to combat discrimination and violence based on sexual orientation and gender identity (Chile);
A - 111.86 Continue working to destigmatize Ebola and address the disproportionate impact of the crisis on women and health workers (Australia);

A - 111.87 Implement measures to ensure the full enjoyment of rights by persons with disabilities, especially regarding inclusive education (Israel);

A - 111.88 Take measures to raise awareness in the population with a view to eliminating stigmatization and discrimination suffered by persons with disabilities (Madagascar);

A - 111.89 Foster policies and strategies to guarantee the rights of persons with disabilities (Mexico);

A - 111.90 Continue to implement laws and regulations for protection and promotion of rights of people with disabilities (Pakistan);

A - 111.91 Abolish the death penalty (Djibouti);

A - 111.92 Abolish the death penalty in law (Germany);

A - 111.93 Abolish officially the death penalty in the country (Portugal);

A - 111.94 Take further steps aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Mozambique);

A - 111.95 Redouble efforts to address and abolish the death penalty in the context of the review process of the Constitution (Panama);

A - 111.96 Take the opportunity brought by the review process of the Constitution to include in statute the definitive abolition of the death penalty (Switzerland);

A - 111.97 Introduce into national legislation the abolition of the death penalty and accede to the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Uruguay);

A - 111.98 Proceed with the legal abolition of the death penalty and ratify the Second Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights, aiming at the abolition of the death penalty (Australia);

A - 111.99 Criminalize explicitly torture in the Criminal Code and bring to justice those accused of practising it (Spain);

A - 111.100 Review domestic legislation in order to ensure the effective criminalization of all acts of torture, pursuant to the obligations under the Convention against Torture and Other Cruel, Inhuman or Degrading Treatment or Punishment (Honduras);

A - 111.101 Take measures to prevent and prosecute cases of torture and ill-treatment, namely, through the adoption, in its legislation of a definition of torture in compliance with the Convention against Torture and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (Portugal);

A - 111.102 Define and criminalize the offence of torture in the national criminal statute (Mexico);
A - 111.103 Include in the national penal legislation a clear definition of torture and ensure its strict criminalization (Egypt);

A - 111.104 Implement a zero-tolerance policy on sexual and gender-based violence and ensure the prosecution of all perpetrators of violence against women, rehabilitation and support for victims of violence (Slovakia);

A - 111.105 Implement a zero-tolerance policy on sexual and gender-based violence and ensure the prosecution of all perpetrators of violence against women, combined with rehabilitation and support for victims (Albania);

N - 111.106 Pass laws prohibiting female genital mutilation (Lebanon);

N - 111.107 Step up the efforts to combat female genital mutilation (Maldives);

N - 111.108 Totally ban female genital mutilation as opposed to the age limit of 18 age and criminalize the practice (Zambia);

N - 111.109 Explicitly prohibit all harmful practices against women of all ages, including female genital mutilation, child, early and forced marriage and practices inflicted on elderly women in relation to allegations of witchcraft, and take all necessary measures to enforce the prohibition (Slovenia);

A - 111.110 Address the issue of female genital mutilation in an appropriate manner through awareness-raising programmes for parents, women, girls and traditional and religious leaders and suitable legal instruments, as previously recommended in the first universal periodic review and accepted by Sierra Leone (Germany);

N - 111.111 Punish the practice of female genital mutilation and any harmful practices for physical and psychological health of girls and women (Spain);

N - 111.112 Explicitly criminalize female genital mutilation and cutting in the domestic laws of Sierra Leone to achieve further progress in eliminating this harmful practice (Australia);

N - 111.113 Adopt a law prohibiting participation of minor girls in initiation rites (Congo);

A - 111.114 Continue to strive for a careful balance between measures taken against harmful traditional practices and respect for traditional cultural and spiritual beliefs (Jamaica);

N - 111.115 Adopt pertinent measures for economic empowerment of women, and intensify actions against female genital mutilation and early marriage (Cabo Verde);

N - 111.116 Ensure the protection of the rights of women, especially by criminalizing and implementing laws on female genital mutilation, domestic and sexual violence (Botswana);

N - 111.117 Prohibit legally female genital mutilation, as previously recommended (Switzerland);

N - 111.118 Introduce the total legislative ban of female genital mutilation, to initiate a public discussion and awareness-raising campaign on female genital mutilation as a violation of human rights of girls and women (Czech Republic);
N - 111.119 Strengthen the ban on the initiation of women with the view to totally eliminating the practice of female genital mutilation in the country (Uganda);

N - 111.120 Eradicate the practice of female genital mutilation and continue its efforts regarding gender equality (Angola);

N - 111.121 Continue the efforts to combat the practice of female genital mutilation (Algeria);

A - 111.122 Explicitly prohibit traditional practices that harm the rights of women (Argentina);

N - 111.123 Accelerate the efforts directed towards ending the harmful and traumatic practice of female genital mutilation (Croatia);

N - 111.124 Take concrete steps to eliminate gender-based violence, in particular female genital mutilation (Czech Republic);

N - 111.125 Continue to take measures to protect and promote the human rights of women, including the introduction of legislation to prohibit female genital mutilation (Japan);

N - 111.126 Continue its efforts to address violence against women and to speed up efforts to enact the Gender Equality Bill (Namibia);

A - 111.127 Adopt measures to prevent, punish and eradicate violence against women (Israel);

A - 111.128 Take the necessary steps to combat girls’ sexual abuse, in particular at school (Armenia);

A - 111.129 Adopt appropriate measures to combat sexual abuse of girls in school, backed-up by the necessary human, technical and financial resources for any mechanisms (Honduras);

A - 111.130 Consolidate measures aimed at combating violence against vulnerable groups (Côte d’Ivoire);

A - 111.131 Take effective measures to provide adequate legal and other assistance for domestic and international trafficking victims, and intensify efforts to identify and prosecute trafficking cases (United States of America);

A - 111.132 Take the necessary measures to adopt and implement the Child Labour Action Plan and provide information on the results achieved (Albania);

A - 111.133 Expedite implementation of the National action plan against child labour exploitation (Angola);

A - 111.134 Continue national efforts to eliminate the phenomenon of child labour, including through a review of national labour legislations and increase community awareness about this phenomenon (Libya);

A - 111.135 Promote efforts to prohibit child labour and eradicate this practice in the country (Oman);

A - 111.136 Accelerate reforms within the justice sector in order to improve the conditions of judges and strengthen the independence of the judiciary (Portugal);
A - 111.137 Continue to reform the judicial system in order to guarantee its independence and capacity to administrate justice, and speed up efforts to abolish the death penalty (Costa Rica);

A - 111.138 Continue efforts for the reform of the judiciary, to improve access to justice and fight against the abusive recourse to pretrial detention (France);

A - 111.139 Support the independence of judiciary and combat impunity (Oman);

A - 111.140 Fight against impunity of the perpetrators of human rights violations, particularly those perpetrated during the civil war which have not been judged by the Special Tribunal for Sierra Leone, as well as those perpetrated by members of the law enforcement agencies (France);

A - 111.141 Ensure access to justice for vulnerable groups, especially women and children, whom have been victimized by violence and abuse (Malaysia);

A - 111.142 Continue to eliminate barriers to women enjoying effective access to justice and promote knowledge of their rights and provide basic legal assistance (Mexico);

A - 111.143 Guarantee all individuals the right to be tried within reasonable time or released, and introduce alternative punishments to the imprisonment (Switzerland);

A - 111.144 Take appropriate actions to reduce prison overcrowding, including through a reduction in lengthy pretrial detention and alternatives to custodial sentences for minor offences (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);

A - 111.145 Carry out measures to reduce overcrowding in prisons (Egypt);

A - 111.146 Consider alternatives to prolonged pretrial detention and provide adequate resources to address poor prison conditions (United States of America);

A - 111.147 Ensure adequate allocation of resources towards court infrastructure and capacity-building in the Judiciary (Botswana);

A - 111.148 Combat impunity by ensuring prompt, thorough and transparent investigations of all violations against human rights defenders, and the prosecution of perpetrators (Canada);

A - 111.149 Continue to adopt measures to strengthen the criminal justice system, in order to ensure accountability for crimes committed (Cuba);

A - 111.150 Prioritize the setting-up of the Independent Police Complaint Board, building on best practices of the Complaints, Discipline and Internal Investigations Department (Jamaica);

A - 111.151 Ensure that all police officers are aware of and abide by international human rights standards on police use of force (Germany);

A - 111.152 Take prompt action to prevent harassment by police officers of members of the national Human Rights Commission, human rights defenders and citizens (Japan);

A - 111.153 Continue supporting the family institution, which is one of the most important units in achieving goals of sustainable development goals in any State (Russian Federation);
A - 111.154 Amend the Sierra Leone Citizenship Act so that women can transfer their nationality to their children and non-national spouses on an equal basis with men, and include a provision in the new Constitution which grants equal nationality rights to men and women (Canada);

A - 111.155 Ensure equality of rights between men and women to acquire, transfer, change or conserve nationality and transmit it to children born abroad, as recommended in the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (Colombia);

A - 111.156 Adopt measures to ensure that women can acquire, transfer, change or preserve their nationality and transfer it to their children born abroad, such that these children could be recognised by law through birth registration (Mexico);

A - 111.157 Ensure full enjoyment of freedom and equality of religion and worship in the country (Cabo Verde);

A - 111.158 Develop and enhance laws to protect the freedom of belief, freedom of expression and freedom of the press (Lebanon);

A - 111.159 Take concrete steps to ensure the full enjoyment of the right to freedom of expression for all, including journalists and human rights defenders, and strengthen protection of journalists and human rights defenders against harassment and persecution (Czech Republic);

A - 111.160 Uphold the right to freedom of expression, including journalists and human rights defenders, in particular taking steps to ensure that defamation charges are not used to undermine the right to freedom of expression (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);

A - 111.161 Refrain from criminalizing the legitimate activities of human rights defenders and journalists and repeal or amend all laws and policies which restrict their activities and rights (Netherlands);

A - 111.162 Refrain from arbitrary arrest and the use of criminal libel laws against and harassment of journalists and opposition members (United States of America);

A - 111.163 Repeal or revise the Public Order Act and Criminal and Seditious Libel laws, and guarantee freedom of expression for journalists (Ireland);

A - 111.164 Decriminalize defamation in order to make it a civil offence (Belgium);

A - 111.165 Take steps to fully and effectively implement the 2013 Freedom of Information Act, including by repealing criminal libel laws and the 1965 Public Order Act (Canada);

A - 111.166 Implement a more inclusive governance system that promotes further representation of women into the national institutions (Congo);

A - 111.167 Continue efforts to facilitate a greater participation and representation of women in public offices and in higher levels of decision-making positions (Israel);

N - 111.168 Pass legislation that promotes further political participation of women in public elections positions (Costa Rica);

A - 111.169 Implement recommendations of the 2012 European Union election observation mission promoting inclusiveness and transparency of the election process (Czech Republic);
A - 111.170 Continue the efforts to end poverty (Lebanon);

A - 111.171 Continue to strengthen the programmes of social protection being implemented in order to provide the best possible welfare and quality of life for its people, especially for those most in need (Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela);

A - 111.172 Take the necessary steps to implement the “Agenda for Prosperity” in an effective and timely manner (Azerbaijan);

A - 111.173 Take measures to implement policies and programmes targeted at reducing poverty and improving the economy including the realization of the Agenda for Prosperity (Malaysia);

A - 111.174 Make further improvements in the socioeconomic conditions with the view to promoting human rights in the country (Ethiopia);

A - 111.175 Address the issue of inadequate water supply in the country urgently, including by providing appropriate temporary measures to communities in rural and urban areas in finding alternative means of water supply (Malaysia);

A - 111.176 Continue to implement policies for socioeconomic development of its people under the Sustainable Development Goals (Pakistan);

A - 111.177 Further continue improving health infrastructural institutions to withstand diseases like the Ebola pandemic (Ethiopia);

A - 111.178 While expressing appreciation for the efforts undertaken in order to combat Ebola, we urge the Government of Sierra Leone to continue undertaking its efforts aimed at combating this disease and strengthen the health infrastructure and the management of the public health system (Iraq);

A - 111.179 Duly implement and follow-up on the National Health Strategic Plan, above all its HIV related provisions, with a view to fighting new infections, discrimination and lethality (Brazil);

A - 111.180 Strengthen the health service infrastructure and the restructuring of the public health system (Panama);

A - 111.181 Strengthen the health infrastructure throughout the national territory (Senegal);

A - 111.182 Continue to take the necessary steps to further strengthen its public health-care system (Singapore);

A - 111.183 Improve on providing health care facilities to all communities in the country (Nigeria);

A - 111.184 Take steps to ensure that free health care can be perpetually made accessible to vulnerable populations enabling them to enjoy high health coverage (Madagascar);

A - 111.185 Ensure that vulnerable groups, especially women and children in rural areas, have access to quality health care services (Lao People’s Democratic Republic);

A - 111.186 Strengthen efforts in addressing maternal and child mortality (South Africa);
A - 111.187 Make further efforts to build the capacity in both human resources and in the health sector to deal with epidemics and other health challenges, and request the international community to continue to assist Sierra Leone in building the capacity (Uganda);

A - 111.188 Continue to advance its poverty reduction strategy and increase investment to health and education to improve national health-care system and raise education coverage (China);

A - 111.189 Enhance the adoption of measures aimed at preventing the teenage pregnancy incidence (Colombia);

A - 111.190 Integrate human rights education into the education system and in the military training institutions (Senegal);

A - 111.191 Move forward training programmes on human rights for the security forces, and prevent, investigate and sanction cases of violence committed by law enforcement officials (Costa Rica);

A - 111.192 Provide more human rights education and training programmes for law enforcement officials and agents (Oman);

A - 111.193 Ensure that the New Education Sector Plan is well implemented and adequately resourced, in order to raise education standards at all levels in the country (Singapore);

A - 111.194 Implement the Education Sector Plan as well as strategies and activities included in the Plan, to improve education management within the period 2014-2018 (Cuba);

A - 111.195 Take measures to ensure the provision of the required resources for the full implementation of the new educational system introduced in 2012 (Namibia);

A - 111.196 Prioritize universal basic education for the benefit of all Sierra Leonean children (Nigeria);

A - 111.197 Promote the completion of education for children, and remove all hindrances and discrimination against children in fulfilling their right to education (Malaysia);

A - 111.198 Strengthen all policies to bolster basic education, including education for girls, adult literacy and education for persons with disabilities (Madagascar);

A - 111.199 Strengthen measures to ensure that women’s access to education is enhanced (South Africa);

A - 111.200 Continuing education programmes and early warning concerning teen pregnancies and ensure that girls and pregnant teenagers continue their studies during pregnancy (Uruguay);

A - 111.201 Ensure the rights of all girls to education by inter alia reversing a decision to ban pregnant girls from attending classes and exams (Germany);

A - 111.202 Promote school enrolment of girls and literacy of women (Angola);

A - 111.203 Establish a range of measures for the application of the 2014 law on education with a view to ending women and young girls’ illiteracy (Democratic Republic of the Congo);

A - 111.204 Promote efforts to fight illiteracy (Lebanon);
A - 111.205 Engage the civil society in the follow-up implementation process of the recommendations raised during the universal periodic review (Poland);

A - 111.206 Continue to engage its regional and bilateral partners with the view to build capacity and mobilize resources in support of efforts to fulfil its human rights obligations (Philippines);

A - 111.207 Strengthen efforts in infrastructure development in the country (South Africa);

A - 111.208 Continue its efforts in implementing the outstanding recommendations from the previous universal periodic review cycle (Ukraine).

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