STATEMENT
UPR Pre-Session 33 on the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea (DPRK)
Geneva, April 5, 2019
Delivered by: The Committee for Human Rights in North Korea (HRNK)

1- Presentation of the Organization
HRNK is the leading U.S.-based bipartisan, non-governmental organization (NGO) in the field of DPRK human rights research and advocacy. Our mission is to focus international attention on human rights abuses in the DPRK and advocate for an improvement in the lives of 25 million DPRK citizens. Since its establishment in 2001, HRNK has played an intellectual leadership role in DPRK human rights issues by publishing over thirty-five major reports. HRNK was granted UN consultative status on April 17, 2018 by the 54-member UN Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC). On October 4, 2018, HRNK submitted our findings to the UPR of the DPRK. Based on our research, the following trends have defined the human rights situation in the DPRK over the past seven years: an intensive crackdown on attempted escape from the country leading to a higher number of prisoners in detention; a closure of prison camps near the border with China while camps inland were expanded; satellite imagery analysis revealing secure perimeters inside these detention facilities with watch towers seemingly located to provide overlapping fields of fire to prevent escapes; a disproportionate repression of women (800 out of 1000 women at Camp No. 12 were forcibly repatriated); and an aggressive purge of senior officials.

2- National consultation for the drafting of the national report
Although HRNK would welcome consultation and in-country access to assess the human rights situation, the DPRK government displays a consistently antagonistic attitude towards our organization. For example, on February 8, 2018, the DPRK issued a statement in response to the UN ECOSOC NGO Committee vote regarding HRNK’s consultative status. (Please refer to Appendix A for the official statement issued by the DPRK). On February 19, 2016, the DPRK issued a strongly-worded statement to HRNK criticizing our event held to commemorate the publication of the UNCOI report. (Please refer to Appendix B for the official statement issued by the DPRK).

3- Plan of Statement
HRNK will address three issues involving the DPRK: (1) The DPRK’s system of political imprisonment; (2) The DPRK’s use of torture; and (3) enforced disappearances.

4- Statement

i. Imprisonment
A. Follow-up to the previous reviews
In February 2014, the UNCOI found the DPRK’s political prison camps (kwan-li-so) to be places where the most egregious crimes against humanity are being committed, including extermination; murder; enslavement; torture; imprisonment; rape and other grave sexual violence; and persecution on political, religious, and gender grounds. Such crimes were “found by the UNCOI to rise to the level of crimes against humanity in both the kwan-li-so and kyo-hwa-so [labor re-education] prisons,” and “lead to the death of prisoners in many cases.” During the first two cycles of the UPR, the DPRK did not support and only noted all 53 recommendations concerning detention from: Tunisia (1), Spain (2), Slovakia (1), Sweden (2), Russian Federation (1), Ireland (2), New Zealand (3), Mexico (1), Hungary (1), Belgium (2), Canada (3), Ecuador (1), Germany (2), Austria (1), Japan (2), Switzerland (1), Republic of Korea (3), Lithuania (2), Greece (1), Czechia (1), Slovenia (1), Austria (4), France (2), United States (2), Israel (2), Netherlands (2), Argentina (1), Estonia (1), Macedonia FYR (2), Norway (1), and Poland (2).

B. New developments since the last review
The DPRK has yet to acknowledge these camps exist or go beyond noting any recommendation concerning detention from a Member State during its first two UPR cycles. HRNK satellite imagery analysis and former prisoner testimony of the situation inside political prisons (kwan-li-so) and re-education through labor camps (kyo-hwa-so) continue to yield new information on the DPRK practice of imprisoning those it deems anti-state, anti-nation, or anti-regime. HRNK found over twenty potential re-education through labor camps inside the DPRK, recently documented in our October 2017 report The Parallel Gulag. These camps are in addition to the six operational political prison camps (kwan-li-so)—Nos. 14, 15, 16, 18, 25, and Choma-bong Restricted Area (Please refer to Appendix C for a map of the camps as well as satellite imagery). There have been ongoing reports of ill-treatment and torture of prisoners, including women who have attempted to flee the country, and prisoner disappearances. HRNK interviewed former female prisoners from Camp No. 12, Jongo-ri. Out of 1,000 women prisoners at Camp No. 12 in Jongo-ri, North Hamgyong Province, some 800 were repatriated from China and imprisoned in this camp, where they have been forced to undergo hard labor and ideological training. Since Chairman Kim Jong-un assumed power, border security on the DPRK side of the Sino-DPRK border tightened considerably and the number of refugees fleeing to South Korea dropped by more than 50 percent to an average of 1,200 individuals per year or fewer. The impact on women has been significant. An estimated 72 percent of the 31,500 DPRK citizens who fled to South Korea from 2000 to mid-2018 were female. In 2018, 85 percent of escapes were female, the highest percentage on record since 1998. Satellite imagery has also shown the expansion of DPRK detention facilities in some cases as well as increased security measures inside these facilities (Please refer to Appendix C for satellite imagery). Escapee testimony reflects a severe lack in freedom of movement, resulting in arbitrary detention and imprisonment with neither due process nor fair trial. A DPRK escapee living in China said, “I have thought about going to South Korea, but I was so afraid of being arrested. If arrested, I would be deported to North Korea and be detained in prison for my whole life. I had a friend who was deported to North Korea twice and came back to China again. She was arrested and deported in the last year. I heard she was shot to death after being deported this time.”
C. Recommendations

We recommend that the DPRK government:

1. **Provide a list of the type, number and location of detention facilities in the DPRK.** Report the incarceration rate in the DPRK, including a breakdown by gender and type of detention facility.

2. **Specify the functions performed by DPRK facilities identified by CSOs including HRNK, NHRIs and the UN COI as active or decommissioned political prison camps (kwan-li-so).**
   a. DPRK supported recommendations from Tunisia (124.61), Poland (124.65), and Argentina (124.66) to cooperate with the UN.
   b. Partially accepted: Sierra Leone (124.67)

Based on witness testimony corroborated with satellite imagery analysis, reported locations of political prison camps include:

1. **Kwan-li-so Nae-ri (P'yongyang) - Not confirmed (NEW)**
   a. 39° 52'10"N 125°39'57.06"E

2. **Kwan-li-so 14 Kaech'ŏn**
   a. 39.55781 N, 126.011499 E
   b. Kaech'ŏn-si and Pukch'ang-gun, P'yŏngan-namdo

3. **Kwan-li-so 15 Yodok**
   a. 39.671450 N, 126.852357 E
   b. Yodŏk-gun, Hamgyŏng-namdo

4. **Kwan-li-so 16 Hwaseong**
   a. 41.231091 N, 129.412216 E
   b. Pukch'ang-gun, P'yŏngan-namdo

5. **Kwan-li-so 18 Bukch'ŏng (partially closed)**
   a. 39.55393 N, 126.077733 E

6. **Kwan-li-so Choma-bong (unlike HRNK, some CSOs do not count this as a kwan-li-so)**
   a. 39.631412 N, 125.999343 E
   b. Kaech'ŏn-si, P'yŏngan-namdo

7. **Kwan-li-so 22 Hoeryong (closed)**
   a. 39.50481 N, 127.959058 E
   b. Susŏng-dong, Ch'ŏngjin-si, Hamgyŏng-bukto

ii. **Torture**

**A. Follow-up to the previous reviews**

During the first two cycles of the UPR, the DPRK did not support and only noted all 27 recommendations concerning torture and other cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment from: Russian Federation (2), Sierra Leone (1), Brazil (2), Turkey (2), Denmark (1), United Kingdom (2), Latvia (1), Spain (1), Tunisia (1), Botswana (1), Slovakia (1), New Zealand (2), Mexico (1), Hungary (1), Norway (1), Lithuania (1), Sweden (1), Belgium (1), United States (1), Poland (1), Macedonia FYR (1), and Israel (1).

**B. New developments since the last review**

The DPRK has yet to go beyond noting any recommendation concerning torture from a Member State during its first two UPR cycles. Torture as well as cruel, inhuman, and degrading treatment were substantially detailed in the 2014 UN COI report. The North Korea Strategy Center (NKSC) released a report on February 22, 2019, on the topic of high-level purges in the DPRK. Witness testimony regarding the execution of two former officers of the DPRK National Defense Commission named Ri Ryong-ha and Jang Soo-gil reveals: “It looked as though they had been beaten and lost their minds. They had lumps of iron stuffed in their mouth so they couldn't speak during the torture.”

In the now demolished Sorimchon section of Camp 15, Mr. Jung Gwang-il recalls that “During his short time in this small section of the prison camp, he observed twenty-six persons die in detention and another six taken away for execution elsewhere, he believed. Of the twenty-six victims, two were executed, one died as a result of torture, and twenty-three from malnutrition-related disease.” Mrs. Bang Mi-sun recounts the cruel punishment she faced in the Musan mobile labor brigade: “Falling down, a guard beat her on the head and leg with a wooden stave. Her leg became infected to the bone, a kind of osteomyelitis resulting in deep scars, which caused her to limp pronouncedly ten years later.”

In 2015, HRNK published a report based on satellite imagery evidence of a public execution by ZPU-4 anti-aircraft machine guns, which violates the ICCPR to which the DPRK is a party, despite attempting to withdraw (Please refer to the satellite image in Appendix D). In March 2016, a U.S. citizen named Otto Warmbier was imprisoned in the DPRK. On June 6, 2017, the DPRK informed the United States that Otto Warmbier was in critical condition. On June 13, 2017, Otto Warmbier was evacuated from the DPRK to the University of Cincinnati Medical Center. On June 19, 2017, Otto Warmbier passed away. Chief Judge Beryl A. Howell of the United States District Court for the District of Columbia ruled in Civil Action No. 18-977 (BAH) Cynthia Warmbier, et al., v. the Democratic People's Republic of Korea that “North Korea is liable for the torture, hostage taking, and extrajudicial killing of Otto Warmbier, and the injuries to his mother and father, Fred and Cindy Warmbier.” The family was awarded $501,134,683.80 in total damages.

C. Recommendations

We recommend that the DPRK government:

1. **Amend the Criminal Code of the DPRK to prohibit the use of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment as punishment for detainees and ratify CAT and its Optional Protocol.**

2. **Report on the implementation mechanisms of Article 225 of the DPRK Criminal Code, prohibiting assault, threats, or deception aiming to extract false testimony from witnesses.**
   a. DPRK supported the recommendation by Argentina in its 2nd cycle to "Make efforts to achieve respect for all fundamental rights and freedoms of the entire population, especially women and children, and take all necessary measures to ensure the fight against impunity for the perpetrators of crimes, acts of violence and all human rights violations"(124.117).
   b. Recommendations to accede to the CAT: 124.4-124.11.
Questions to the DPRK government:

- What government agencies of the DPRK are responsible for the prohibition, prevention, and prosecution of the use of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment as punishment for detainees?
- Have there been reported instances of torture and other cruel inhuman or degrading treatment as punishment for detainees? What are the available grievance and reporting procedures?

iii. Enforced Disappearances

A. Follow-up to the previous reviews

During the first two cycles of the UPR, the DPRK did not support and only noted all 15 recommendations concerning enforced disappearances from: Sierra Leone (1), Tunisia (1), Brazil (1), Australia (1), Japan (2), Spain (1), Greece (1), Hungary (1), Republic of Korea (1), Slovakia (1), Mexico (1), Chile (2), and the Netherlands (1).

B. New developments since the last review

The DPRK has yet to address unresolved enforced disappearances within the prison camps; abductions of South Korean, Japanese and other foreign nationals; the return of South Korean POWs; or support any recommendation concerning enforced disappearances from a Member State during its first two cycles of the UPR. In 2015, HRNK published a report entitled The Hidden Gulag IV with a list of 181 former prisoners at the demolished Sorimchon section of Camp 15 (kwan-li-so) (Please refer to Appendix H). The status, fate, and whereabouts of 121 of the 181 are unknown. On February 22, 2019, NKSC released a list of 421 purged officials (Please refer to Appendix I). Despite progress between the governments of Japan and the DPRK in May 2014 that resulted in the Stockholm Agreement and led to the creation of a Special Investigations Committee, the DPRK unilaterally withdrew and dissolved the Special Investigations Committee in 2016. The DPRK has yet to address the fate of 12 out of 17 Japanese abductees already identified as having been abducted by the DPRK. It has also not fully cooperated on 883 other cases of missing Japanese persons whose abduction by the DPRK cannot be ruled out. Regarding abductees from the ROK, the Korean War Abductee’s Family Union estimates that a total of 112,627 South Koreans have been abducted and it is unknown how many remain alive in the DPRK. According to the ROK Ministry of Unification, the number of South Koreans abducted after the Korean War stands at 3,835. The DPRK has also continued to ignore calls to return the 11 passengers and crew members of a [South] Korean Air YS-11 plane hijacked by DPRK agents on December 11, 1969.

C. Recommendations

We recommend that the DPRK government:

   a. DPRK supported recommendations made by Kazakhstan (124.1), Bolivia (124.2), Chad (124.3), Estonia (124.17), and Singapore (124.18) in its 2nd UPR cycle to join new international human rights treaties.

2. Report on the available implementation mechanisms of Article 79 of the Socialist Constitution of the DPRK, guaranteeing protection from arrest without a legal warrant; and Article 69 of the Socialist Constitution of the DPRK, guaranteeing the citizens’ right to submit complaints and petitions, especially in relation to protections against arbitrary detention as well as guarantees of due process and fair trial rights.
   a. DPRK supported the recommendation by Israel in its 2nd cycle to "Enshrine fully the right to fair trial and due process guarantees." (124.114).
   b. Partially accepted: Australia (124.115).

3. Account for all missing DPRK and foreign persons, prisoners, and deceased prisoners identified by CSOs and NHRIs, and provide their names and locations to their families and their respective states.
   a. DPRK supported the recommendation by the Russian Federation in its 2nd cycle to "Create a national mechanism for the review of complaints of the populations concerning human rights violations" (124.116).

In sum, we have found no fundamental changes in human rights in the DPRK since the last UPR regarding the three issues of imprisonment, torture, and enforced disappearances. Our greatest fear as a human rights CSO is that we are losing the sense of urgency. These issues are urgent. While summit diplomacy continues, crimes against humanity and other egregious human rights violations continue to be committed.
Thank you, Mister Chair. And good afternoon, friends. My delegation would like to highlight the DPRK position on this organization which was proposed by the U.S. delegation. This NGO has been deferred many, many times in the past. Because, this US Committee for Human Rights in North Korea is not qualified as an NGO. It is a government affiliate which disguises itself as an NGO in a civil society. It is funded and controlled by the U.S. government and carries out U.S. government hostile policy against the DPRK, taking issues with the human rights matters. It continues to infringe upon the sovereignty of the DPRK by fabricating the politicized and planned fake information reports on the human rights situation in the DPRK, organizing forums and events of the defectors to slander the government and people of the DPRK, and even discussing how to destroy the country. In the United States, as you are well aware, grave human rights violations are committed every day, such as killing by gun, rape, sexual and racial violence, women and racial discrimination, insulting other sovereign countries and people. Outside, the U.S. commits war crimes against humanity by bombing and killing innocent civilians, including women and children. If this organization is really interested in the protection and promotion of the human rights, it should concentrate all its efforts to solve these thrilling human rights violations first, as urgently required by the American people. Mister Chair, since the organization's activities have no relation with the training, promotion, and protection of human rights, and it severely violates the recognized principle of non-politicization, non-selectivity, and impartiality as well as the spirit and purpose and principles of the UN charter and ECOSOC Resolution 1996/31. The DPRK delegation strongly rejects the application of the organization and requests the other member states of the committee not to grant consultative status to this organization. Thank you.

The Permanent Mission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the United Nations releases the following press statement with regard to the “Conference on North Korean Human Rights” to be hosted by the United States in Washington D.C.

The United States and South Korea are going to convene so-called “Conference on North Korean Human Rights: the Road Ahead” on 17 February in Washington by bringing together Michael Donald Kirby, former chairman of COI and Marzuki Darusman, the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the DPRK.

The Permanent Mission of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to the United Nations condemns the convening of such human rights gathering as a political human rights plot against the DPRK and makes clear its position as follows;

The “Conference on North Korean Human Rights: the Road Ahead” constitutes a product of the hostile policy of the United States against the DPRK, and it is nothing but a rubbish event for the United States to get rid of the predicament driven at home and abroad, due to the recent confession by the defector of the fabrication of his testimony and to the disclosure of CIA’s torture crimes.

We made due request to the U.S. on our participation in the gathering, since we are the party directly concerned. But the U.S. ignored our request for participation because they are afraid of the disclosure of their plot for fabrication.

The US is advised to clean up its own human rights ravages.

If the U.S. is sincerely interested in human rights, they should, above all, call into question the CIA’s torture crimes and the gross human rights violations committed by “national security law” in South Korea, far from clinging to the attempted fabrication of falsehood and plot through such as the kind of above “conference”.

The United States does not have qualification at all to talk about human rights situation of other countries, since it is the worst human rights violator in the world.

We, the people of the DPRK are proud of our political and social system chosen by ourselves and we will strongly respond to any attempts to overthrow our system under the pretext of human rights.

New York, 15 February 2015
Appendix C: Map & Satellite Imagery of Prison Camps
Expansion at Camp No. 25

Figure 12

Overview of Camp No. 25, May 19, 2012. (41°539'N 124°725'E)
Appendix D: Kanggon Execution by Anti-Aircraft Heavy Machine Guns

The small map inserted at the top left corner shows the location of the site in the image. It is located on the outskirts of Pyongyang. The larger background image is a photo of the site and its surroundings. The inset on the right side of the image is a close up of the small arms range showing the viewing area, the anti-aircraft heavy machine guns in front of the viewing area, and targets on the range.
### Appendix E: First and Second Cycle UPR Recommendations to the DPRK

**Detention**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>SuR</th>
<th>Rec Number</th>
<th>Recommendation</th>
<th>RS</th>
<th>Response</th>
<th>A</th>
<th>Issue</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Ratify ICERD, CAT and its Optional Protocol, CPERD, and the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (ICC) | Tunisia Africa AU, OIC, AL, OIF | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Enforced disappearances  
• International instruments  
• Justice  
• Racial discrimination  
• Torture and other CID treatment |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Accede to CAT and take immediate action to stop the use of torture and other ill-treatment of all detainees | Denmark WEOG EU | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• International instruments  
• Torture and other CID treatment |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Prohibit the use of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment as punishment for detainees | Spain WEOG EU, OEI | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Torture and other CID treatment |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Take immediate steps to stop the use of torture and ill-treatment in all instances of deprivation of freedom | Slovakia EEIG EU | Noted | 4 | • Detention  
• Torture and other CID treatment |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Take immediate and transparent action to stop the use of torture and other ill-treatment of all detainees, including forced hard labour and denial of food quotas | Sweden WEOG EU | Noted | 4 | • Detention  
• Labour  
• Right to food  
• Torture and other CID treatment |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Conduct thorough investigation of cases of the use of torture and other forms of cruel treatment, in particular cases of violence against women in the penitentiary system | Russian Federation EEIG CIS | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Torture and other CID treatment  
• Women’s rights |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Immediately establish a system to prevent sexual violence against female prisoners | Ireland WEOG EU | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Women’s rights |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Ensure that all prisoners are provided with the minimum standards of humane treatment, in particular that they are not subject to torture or inhuman or degrading treatment such as forced hard labour or food quotas | New Zealand WEOG PIF, Commonwealth | Noted | 4 | • Detention  
• Labour  
• Right to food  
• Torture and other CID treatment |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Make a list of persons in detention, provide access to the International Red Cross to prisons and review all cases of arbitrary arrest or confessions under torture, considering reparation for victims | Mexico GRULAC OAS, OEI, ACS | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Torture and other CID treatment |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | To counter allegations of torture and ill-treatment in prison facilities, allow ICRC and other international observers to have immediate, full and genuine access to all detention facilities to ensure proper treatment of prisoners | Hungary EEIG EU | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Torture and other CID treatment |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Invite the Special Rapporteur and/or an international humanitarian organization recognized for its independence to visit "reform institutions" and other correctional and penitentiary institutions to assess/evaluate detention conditions with a view to proposing measures to improve these conditions so that they meet international norms and standards | Belgium WEOG EU, OIF | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Special procedures |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Enact national legislation to combat violence against women, including a definition of rape that applies to domestic rape and rape in detention centres | Canada WEOG OAS, OIF, Commonwealth | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Women’s rights |
| DPR Korea Asia | N/A | Tackle impunity by investigating and timely prosecuting those responsible for acts of violence and human rights violations, in particular those committed by law enforcement and other authorities, and pay special attention to women and children to avoid that they are subjected to sexual abuse in detention | Ecuador GRULAC OAS, OEI | Noted | 5 | • Detention  
• Human rights violations by state agents  
• Impunity  
• Rights of the Child  
• Women’s rights |
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>Region</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Action</th>
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<th>Region</th>
<th>Code</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>DDR</th>
<th>Recommendations</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Undertake profound legal reforms in accordance with international law, legalize and support free market activities that provide citizens with a livelihood, and release all prisoners detained for exercising private economic activities</td>
<td>Germany</td>
<td>WEOG</td>
<td>EU</td>
<td>Detention</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>ESCR, general, Justice</td>
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<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Implement the COI’s recommendations, including those on denial of due process, reform of the prison system, abolition of the death penalty and return of abductees to their homelands</td>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>WEOG</td>
<td>PIF, Commonwealth</td>
<td>Detention, Death penalty, Detention, Enforced disappearances, Justice</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Take measures to put an end to all human rights violations, including those associated with political prison camps and abduction, as recommended in the COI report and the Human Rights Council resolution adopted as the result of the consideration of that report</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Detention, Enforced disappearances, Justice</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Cooperate with the Special Rapporteur, in particular to allow him immediate and unrestricted access to the country, camps of ordinary prisoners and political prisoners, and implement the recommendations of the COI</td>
<td>Switzerland</td>
<td>WEOG</td>
<td>OIF</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression, Special procedures</td>
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<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Address seriously the issues of abductees, prisoners of war and separated families</td>
<td>Republic of Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Detention, Enforced disappearances, International humanitarian law</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Take immediate steps to end the use of torture and other illtreatment of detainees in political prison camps, including forced labour and denial of food quotas</td>
<td>Lithuania</td>
<td>EEEG</td>
<td>EU</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression, Labour, Right to food, Torture and other CID treatment</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Close all political prison camps immediately</td>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>WEOG</td>
<td>OAS, OIF, Commonwealth</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression</td>
<td>6</td>
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<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Close down the political prison camps and release all political prisoners</td>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>WEOG</td>
<td>EU, OIF</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Close immediately all political prison camps and unconditionally release all political prisoners detained</td>
<td>Lithuania</td>
<td>EEEG</td>
<td>EU</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Close down all camps where prisoners of conscience are held and release unconditionally all political prisoners</td>
<td>Czechia</td>
<td>EEEG</td>
<td>EU</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Close down immediately all political prison camps and labour camps and unconditionally release all prisoners of conscience, including relatives that have been held on the basis of “guilt by association”</td>
<td>Slovenia</td>
<td>EEEG</td>
<td>EU</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Close political prison camps, eliminate discrimination based on the “songbun” system and cooperate with human rights mechanisms, including the Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea</td>
<td>Republic of Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression, Justice, Special procedures, Treaty bodies, UPR process</td>
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<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Immediately close down all political prison camps, and release all prisoners of conscience, including relatives being held on the basis of guilt-by-association</td>
<td>Austria</td>
<td>WEOG</td>
<td>EU</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression, Freedom of religion and belief</td>
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<tr>
<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Immediately close down all political prison camps and unconditionally release all prisoners of conscience, including relatives being held on the basis of “guilt-by-association”</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
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<td>EU</td>
<td>Detention, Freedom of opinion and expression, Freedom of religion and belief</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Proceed to the immediate closure of prisoner camps</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Immediately close concentration camps for political prisoners (kwan-li-so) and release all political prisoners</td>
<td>France 🇫🇷</td>
<td>WEOG EU, QIF</td>
<td>Noted 5</td>
<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Justice</td>
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<td>United States 🇺🇸</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Immediately dismantle all political prison camps, release all political prisoners, and institute protections against arbitrary detention that guarantee due process and fair trial</td>
<td>Germany 🇩🇪</td>
<td>WEOG EU</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Immediately dismantle all political prison camps and abolish the practice of forced labour</td>
<td>Israel 🇮🇱</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Acknowledge the existence of human rights violations, including political prison camps, dismantle them and release all prisoners</td>
<td>New Zealand 🇳🇿</td>
<td>pff, Commonwealth</td>
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<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Acknowledge the existence of political prison camps, and take immediate steps to close them</td>
<td>Netherlands 🇳🇱</td>
<td>WEOG EU</td>
<td>Noted 5</td>
<td>• Detention • Forced disappearances • Freedom of opinion and expression • Labour</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Acknowledge the existence of human rights violations, including those in facilities which it describes as “reform through labour camps”, and provide international humanitarian organisations with immediate access to these facilities and their victims, dismantle all camps and release all political prisoners, and clarify with full detail the fate of any disappeared persons who cannot be readily traced</td>
<td>Argentina 🇦🇷</td>
<td>GRULAC OAS, ODI</td>
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<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Justice</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Put an end to the practice of people detained in prisoner camps, closing political prisoner camps and promoting the necessary reforms in the judicial system to ensure fair trial and respect for due process guarantees</td>
<td>Japan 🇯🇵</td>
<td>Asia</td>
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<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Labour</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Abolish its political prison camps, where grave human rights violations are ongoing, and release all political prisoners</td>
<td>Israel 🇮🇱</td>
<td>WEOG</td>
<td>Noted 6</td>
<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Labour</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Provide international humanitarian organisations and human rights monitors access to the camps and their surviving victims</td>
<td>Austria 🇦🇹</td>
<td>WEOG EU</td>
<td>Noted 5</td>
<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Justice</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Provide international humanitarian organizations and human rights monitors with immediate access to the prison camps and their surviving victims</td>
<td>Estonia 🇪🇪</td>
<td>EEG EU</td>
<td>Noted 4</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Guarantee international humanitarian organizations and human rights monitors immediate access to political prisons and other camps, as well as to their surviving victims, in order to provide primary care</td>
<td>Ireland 🇮🇪</td>
<td>WEOG EU</td>
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<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Justice</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Provide international humanitarian organisations with immediate, free and unimpeded access to all populations in need, including those held in labour camps or political prison camps</td>
<td>Macedonia 🇲🇰</td>
<td>FYR EEG QIF</td>
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<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Justice</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ensure access of the International Humanitarian Organization to the prison camps and to other detention centers</td>
<td>Poland 🇵🇱</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Provide a fair public trial to all political prisoners and prohibit and penalize torture in the detention centers</td>
<td>Macedonia 🇲🇰</td>
<td>FYR EEG QIF</td>
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<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Justice • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ensure that all persons deprived of their liberty are treated with humanity and with respect for the inherent dignity of the human being</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Establish an independent judiciary and guarantee access to legal counsel and judicial redress to all detainees</td>
<td>Norway 🇳🇴</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Halt all public executions, and intensify efforts to ensure that no</td>
<td>• Death penalty</td>
<td>New Zealand</td>
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<td>detainee is subjected to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading</td>
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<td>Implement its obligations under the human rights instruments to which</td>
<td>• Detention</td>
<td>Canada</td>
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<td>WEDG, OAS, OIF, Commonwealth</td>
<td>• Justice</td>
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<td>Provide unlimited access to ICRC to all detention facilities in the</td>
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<td>• Justice</td>
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<td>Put an end to the practice of incarcerating all the members of the</td>
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<td>France</td>
<td>Europe</td>
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<td>family of every opposition figure, release without delay political</td>
<td>• Freedom of association and peaceful assembly</td>
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<td>prisoners and members of their family as well as ensure freedom of</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Ratify CAT and its Optional Protocol</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Release persons detained for reasons related to their opinions or</td>
<td>• Detention</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Sign and ratify CAT, establish judicial oversight over all prison</td>
<td>• Detention</td>
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<td>WEDG, EU</td>
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<td>facilities and take immediate action with a view to the elimination</td>
<td>• Human rights violations by state agents</td>
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<td>of all forms of torture by the security forces and prison personnel</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Take immediate action to cease the practice of forced labour,</td>
<td>• Detention</td>
<td>United States</td>
<td>Europe</td>
<td>WEDG, OAS</td>
<td>• Labour</td>
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<td>including in detention facilities, and take urgent measures to</td>
<td>• Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>• Rights of the Child</td>
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<td>ensure that children are not forced to participate in mobilization</td>
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### Torture and Other CID Treatment

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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Consider the possibility of acceding to ICERD and CAT</td>
<td>Russian Federation</td>
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<td>Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>DPR Korea Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify international conventions, particularly ICERD, CAT, ICRMW and the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (CPED), with the aim of enacting them into national law</td>
<td>Sierra Leone</td>
<td>Noted</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify ICERD, CAT and its Optional Protocol, CPED, and the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court (ICC)</td>
<td>Tunisia</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify key international human rights treaties, in particular CAT and CPED, and comply with its obligations</td>
<td>Brazil</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Sign and ratify CAT, as recommended previously</td>
<td>Turkey</td>
<td>Noted</td>
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<td>International instruments</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Acord to CAT and take immediate action to stop the use of torture and other ill-treatment of all detainees</td>
<td>Denmark</td>
<td>Noted</td>
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<td>DPR Korea Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Adopt a clear time-bound plan to become party to CAT as a key step towards demonstrating genuine commitment to protecting human rights</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
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<td>EU, Commonwealth</td>
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<td>DPR Korea Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify core international human rights conventions, in particular CAT and ICCPR-OP 2</td>
<td>Latvia</td>
<td>Noted</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Death penalty</td>
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<td>Prohibit the use of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment as punishment for detainees</td>
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<td>Take measures to combat the use of torture and related acts</td>
<td>Botswana</td>
<td>Noted</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>Africa</td>
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<td>OUI, Commonwealth</td>
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<td>DPR Korea Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Take immediate steps to stop the use of torture and ill-treatment in all instances of deprivation of freedom</td>
<td>Slovakia</td>
<td>Noted</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Detention</td>
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<td>DPR Korea Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Take immediate and transparent action to stop the use of torture and other ill-treatment of all detainees, including forced hard labour and denial of food quotas</td>
<td>Sweden</td>
<td>Noted</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Detention</td>
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<td>DPR Korea Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Conduct thorough investigation of cases of the use of torture and other forms of cruel treatment, in particular cases of violence against women in the penitentiary system</td>
<td>Russian Federation</td>
<td>Noted</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>Detention</td>
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<td>EEG</td>
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<td>Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>CIS</td>
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<td>Women’s rights</td>
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<td>DPR Korea Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ensure that all prisoners are provided with the minimum standards of humane treatment, in particular that they are not subject to torture or inhumane or degrading treatment such as forced hard labour or food quotas</td>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>Noted</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>Detention</td>
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<td>Commonwealth</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>Asia</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Make a list of persons in detention, provide access to the International Red Cross to prisons and review all cases of arbitrary arrest or confessions under torture, considering reparation for victims</td>
<td>Mexico</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>• Detention • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>To counter allegations of torture and ill-treatment in prison facilities, allow ICRC and other international observers to have immediate, full and genuine access to all detention facilities to ensure proper treatment of prisoners</td>
<td>Hungary</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>• Detention • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Enact and implement legislation to prohibit corporal punishment of children in all settings</td>
<td>Norway</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>• Rights of the Child • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Take immediate steps to end the use of torture and other ill-treatment of detainees in political prison camps, including forced labour and denial of food quotas</td>
<td>Lithuania</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Labour • Right to food • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Provide a fair public trial to all political prisoners and prohibit and penalize torture in the detention centers</td>
<td>Macedonia</td>
<td>FYR</td>
<td>• Detention • Freedom of opinion and expression • Justice • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Abolish the practice of torture, cruel, inhuman and degrading treatment, including the collective punishment of families, as reported by the Special Rapporteur, and amend national legislation to prohibit the torture and other ill-treatment of children, as recommended by the Committee on the Rights of the Child</td>
<td>Israel</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>• Rights of the Child • Special procedures • Torture and other CID treatment • Tresaty bodies</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Become a party to CAT and take the necessary national measures to comply with its provisions</td>
<td>United Kingdom</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>• International instruments • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Fully cooperate with all human rights mechanisms, including accession to CAT, as well as access to the territory for the Special Rapporteur on torture</td>
<td>Belgium</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>• International instruments • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Halt all public executions, and intensify efforts to ensure that no detainee is subject to torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment</td>
<td>New Zealand</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>• Death penalty • Detention • Justice • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Immediately cease public executions and the use of torture and cruel, inhuman, or degrading treatment or punishment and ratify CAT</td>
<td>Canada</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>• Death penalty • International instruments • Justice • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Invite the Special Rapporteur on violence against women and the Special Rapporteur on torture to visit the country and provide more extensive recommendations</td>
<td>United States</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>• Special procedures • Torture and other CID treatment • Women's rights</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify CAT</td>
<td>Turkey</td>
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<td>• International instruments • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify CAT and its Optional Protocol</td>
<td>Poland</td>
<td>E</td>
<td>• International instruments • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify core universal human rights instruments, in particular, ICERD and CAT, and fulfill its treaty obligations</td>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>• International instruments • Racal discriminaton • Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify international conventions, particularly ICERD, CAT, ICRMW and the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (CPED), with the aim of enacting them into national law</td>
<td>Sierra Leone</td>
<td>Enforced disappearances, International instruments, Labour, Migrants, Racial discrimination, Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Ratify key international human rights treaties, in particular CAT and CPED, and comply with its obligations</td>
<td>Brazil</td>
<td>Enforced disappearances, International instruments, Torture and other CID treatment</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Implement the COI's recommendations, including those on denial of due process, reform of the prison system, abolition of the death penalty and return of abductees to their homelands</td>
<td>Australia</td>
<td>Death penalty, Detention, Enforced disappearances, Justice</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Take measures to put an end to all human rights violations, including those associated with political prison camps and abduction, as recommended in the COI report and the Human Rights Council resolution adopted as the result of the consideration of that report</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Detention, Enforced disappearances, Justice</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Cease the institutionalized policy of executions and disappearances described in the reports of the Special Rapporteur</td>
<td>Spain</td>
<td>Death penalty, Enforced disappearances, Special procedures</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
<td>N/A</td>
<td>Provide the families of those abducted with full information on their fate and whereabouts</td>
<td>Greece</td>
<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Provide all families of all abducted persons with full information</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>on their fate and whereabouts and allow the abductees and their</td>
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<td>descendants to return immediately to their countries of origin</td>
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<td>Hungary</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Address seriously the issues of abductees, prisoners of war and</td>
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<td>Detention</td>
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<td>separated families</td>
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<td>International humanitarian law</td>
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<td>Republic of Korea</td>
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<td>Set a specific timeframe and take concrete action to resolve the</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>issue of abductions as soon as possible, including by</td>
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<td>repatriating the abductees</td>
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<td>Japan</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Allow all persons of foreign origin who have been abducted, as well</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>as their descendants, to return freely to their countries of origin</td>
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<td>Slovakia</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Make the necessary efforts to repatriate foreigners who were</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>forcibly held in the territory of the Democratic People’s Republic</td>
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<td>of Korea and provide all information to the authorities and relatives</td>
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<td>about the whereabouts of these persons</td>
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<td>Mexico</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>End the kidnapping of persons, whatever their country of origin may</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Acknowledge the existence of human rights violations, including those</td>
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<td>Detention</td>
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<td>in facilities which it describes as “reform through labour camps”,</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>and provide international humanitarian organisations with immediate</td>
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<td>Freedom of opinion and expression</td>
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<td>access to these facilities and their victims, dismantle all camps and</td>
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<td>Labour</td>
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<td>release all political prisoners, and clarify with full detail the</td>
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<td>fate of any disappeared persons who cannot be readily traced</td>
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<td>Netherlands</td>
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<td>DPR Korea</td>
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<td>Put an end to kidnapping and enforced disappearance of</td>
<td>Noted</td>
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<td>Enforced disappearances</td>
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<td>persons, whatever their country of origin</td>
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Appendix F: HRNK UPR Submission Recommendations
Recommendations to the DPRK

Regarding Political Prisoners and Detention Facilities

Accede to the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance.
   a. DPRK supported recommendations made by Kazakhstan (124.1), Bolivia (124.2), Chad (124.3), Estonia (124.17), and Singapore (124.18) in its 2nd cycle to join new international human rights treaties.

Prohibit the use of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment as punishment for detainees and ratify CAT and its Optional Protocol.
   a. DPRK supported the recommendation by Argentina in its 2nd cycle to “Make efforts to achieve respect for all fundamental rights and freedoms of the entire population, especially women and children, and take all necessary measures to ensure the fight against impunity for the perpetrators of crimes, acts of violence and all human rights violations”(124.117).
   b. Recommendations to accede to the CAT: 124.4-124.11.

Account for all missing persons, prisoners, and deceased prisoners, and provide their names and locations to their families and their respective states.
   a. DPRK supported the recommendation by the Russian Federation in its 2nd cycle to “Create a national mechanism for the review of complaints of the populations concerning human rights violations” (124.116).

Release the locations of detention facilities and implicitly acknowledge the existence of political prison camps (kwan-li-so) in the DPRK to the UN OHCHR Office in Seoul.
   a. DPRK supported recommendations from Tunisia (124.61), Poland (124.65), and Argentina (124.66) to cooperate with the UN.
   b. Partially accepted: Sierra Leone (124.67)

Dismantle all political prison camps and unconditionally release all prisoners of conscience, including relatives being held on the basis of "guilt-by-association."

Institute protections against arbitrary detention that guarantee due process and fair trial rights.
   a. DPRK supported the recommendation by Israel in its 2nd cycle to “Enshrine fully the right to fair trial and due process guarantees.” (124.114).
   b. Partially accepted: Australia (124.115).

Take immediate action to cease the practice of forced labor, including in detention facilities.
   a. DPRK supported the recommendation from Nicaragua in its 2nd cycle to “Take practical measures to provide safer working conditions, suitable for its citizens” (124.138).

Educate and train officials, including prison guards and political officers, on international human rights standards and instruments, and increase the number of women guards.
   a. DPRK supported 2nd cycle recommendations on human rights education from Sudan (124.41) and Bolivia (124.43).

Regarding Freedom of Movement and Associated Rights Violations

Acknowledge the right of all North Korean citizens to leave and return to their country without penalty, to freely move around within their own country and be able freely to choose their place of residence and employment.
   a. Supported: “That steps be taken to further facilitate the easy travel of its citizens abroad,” India (124.125)

Release from all detention facilities those who exercised their right to leave the DPRK and those who were forcibly repatriated, and waive all penalties against them.
   b. Supported: “Continue building the social structure of the country, focusing on the promotion and protection of the family as the vital unit of the society,” Uganda (124.121)
Regarding the Policy of Songbun, Contributing to Violations of the Right to Health and Impacting Vulnerable Groups

End state-sponsored discrimination based on the "songbun" system.
   a. Supported: Indonesia (124.68), Spain (124.141), the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia (124.152)

Revise the Ten Principles of Monolithic Ideology to conform to international human rights laws acceded to by the DPRK.
   a. Supported: “Continue its efforts to fulfil the economic, social and cultural rights of all,” Bangladesh (124.151).

Commit greater resources to rebuilding the public health and primary healthcare infrastructure (including the health workforce) throughout the country.
   a. Supported: “Take immediate steps to allocate proper budgetary resources to ensure protection of the rights to food, health, water and sanitation,” Ukraine (124.147). See also Cuba (124.148), Namibia (124.161), India (124.162), and Belarus (124.164).
   b. See also 124.166-124.172. E.g. “Provide the necessary resources to the health system, in order to strengthen it, and especially in order to lower child and maternal mortality rates,” Uruguay (124.170).

Increase investment in agricultural development and reforms, giving priority to marginalized populations, including the poor, people living with disabilities, people in detention, mothers, children (including children living outside of family care) and older adults.
   a. Supported: “Continue with the cooperation programs, in line with the World Food Programme, with priority given to the most vulnerable groups, such as elderly persons, women and children, and ensure they are implemented transparently,” Uruguay (124.55).

Grant access to the International Committee of the Red Cross and UN humanitarian agencies to provide humanitarian assistance to the DPRK’s most vulnerable groups, including prisoners.
   a. DPRK supported recommendations from Ethiopia (124.45) and New Zealand (124.46) in its 2nd cycle to work with humanitarian organizations to deliver aid to the most vulnerable. Ethiopia recommended the DPRK “Take measures to ensure international humanitarian aid reaches the most vulnerable and needy.”
Appendix G: HRNK UPR Submission Recommendations Specific to Imprisonment, Torture, and Enforced Disappearances

Release the locations of detention facilities and implicitly acknowledge the existence of political prison camps (kwan-li-so) in the DPRK to the UN OHCHR Office in Seoul.

a. DPRK supported recommendations from Tunisia (124.61), Poland (124.65), and Argentina (124.66) to cooperate with the UN.
b. Partially accepted: Sierra Leone (124.67)

Dismantle all political prison camps and unconditionally release all prisoners of conscience, including relatives being held on the basis of "guilt-by-association."

Institute protections against arbitrary detention that guarantee due process and fair trial rights.

a. DPRK supported the recommendation by Israel in its 2nd cycle to "Enshrine fully the right to fair trial and due process guarantees." (124.114).
b. Partially accepted: Australia (124.115).

Prohibit the use of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment as punishment for detainees and ratify CAT and its Optional Protocol.

a. DPRK supported the recommendation by Argentina in its 2nd cycle to "Make efforts to achieve respect for all fundamental rights and freedoms of the entire population, especially women and children, and take all necessary measures to ensure the fight against impunity for the perpetrators of crimes, acts of violence and all human rights violations" (124.117).
b. Recommendations to accede to the CAT: 124.4-124.11.

Accede to the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance.

a. DPRK supported recommendations made by Kazakhstan (124.1), Bolivia (124.2), Chad (124.3), Estonia (124.17), and Singapore (124.18) in its 2nd UPR cycle to join new international human rights treaties.

Account for all missing persons, prisoners, and deceased prisoners, and provide their names and locations to their families and their respective states.

a. DPRK supported the recommendation by the Russian Federation in its 2nd cycle to "Create a national mechanism for the review of complaints of the populations concerning human rights violations" (124.116).
Appendix H: 181 Former Prisoners at Sorimchon (Provided by Mr. Jung Gwang-il, Founder and President of NoChain for North Korea)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Gender</th>
<th>Age Upon Imprisonment</th>
<th>Hometown</th>
<th>Occupation Prior to Imprisonment</th>
<th>Date of Detention</th>
<th>Status</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Huh Young-il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Gilju, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Dong-myung</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>Mangyongdae District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>Worker at a sports equipment factory</td>
<td>July 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Ho-young</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>Mangyongdae District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>July 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Eun-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Musan, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>July 2000 (imprisoned at 20)</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Chul-beom</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>Musan, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>June 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Il-tae</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Pungsan-gun, Yanggang Province</td>
<td>Laborer at the Fishery Department in Rason</td>
<td>April 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Choi Kyung-hee (Wife of Kim Il-tae)</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Saethyul-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Propaganda Unit of Rason Staff</td>
<td>April 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Son Young-ok</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>Hwasong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Seol-hwa</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>26</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in a Convenient Cooperative Store in Secheon-dong, Hoeryong</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-chun</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Junghwa-gun, Pyongyang</td>
<td>Border guard for the MPAF</td>
<td>July 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eom Cheol-su</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Musan, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Company Commander in the MPAF First Corps</td>
<td>July 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Myung-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Hyesan, Yangkang Province</td>
<td>Driver</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Gwang-jin</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Buyun District, Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noh Young-ki</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Hyesan, Yanggang Province</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ahn Sung-chul</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Ontan Workers’ District, Onseong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Student</td>
<td>December 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-chun</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>Sinheung-gun, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Laborer at the Sinheung Machinery Factory</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Son Gi-bok</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Wawoodo District, Nampo, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Crew member of the “Jeonjin” ship under the Ministry of Marine Transport</td>
<td>September 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yu jong-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Nampo</td>
<td>Laborer of the Forestry Mission stationed in Russia</td>
<td>December 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Chul-min</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Hoeryong, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cha Jeong-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>KPA Soldier</td>
<td>June 2003</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>Age Upon Imprisonment</td>
<td>Hometown</td>
<td>Occupation Prior to Imprisonment</td>
<td>Date of Detention</td>
<td>Status</td>
</tr>
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<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>--------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeon Man-su</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Seungho District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>Staff at the Seungho Cement Factory in Pyongyang</td>
<td>April 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noh Gwang-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Namyang Workers’ District, Onseong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>September 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Seung-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Musan, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Test engineer at Musan Station</td>
<td>July 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Eom Yong-yeon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>Hoeryong, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Driver at the Hoeryong Hotel</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Nam-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yang Myung-sung</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>22</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in Sariwon, North Hwanghae Province</td>
<td>September 2003</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Chun-ki</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in Gyeongseong County, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>May 2003</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seo Jae-suk</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Sansung Workers’ District, Onsong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Agricultural worker</td>
<td>December 2003</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Chul-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer for the Farmland Construction Group in Hoeryong City, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Eun-ju</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Gwanhae-dong, Sinam District, Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>December 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seo Myung-ok</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Namyang Workers’ District, Onseong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Telephone operator at the Namyang Telecommunication Office</td>
<td>December 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-suk</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Daedong-gun, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>September 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ham Sun-jeong</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer at the Deokcheon Coal Mine in Deokcheon-gun, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>February 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Myung-hee</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Songpyeong District, Cheongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Geum-nam</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Dancheon, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>December 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kang Mi-sook</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Bongsan-gun, North Hwanghae Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown (Kang Mi-sook’s mother)</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hwang Mi-ran</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>January 2003</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Yeon-hee</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in Eundeok-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>January 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>Age Upon Imprisonment</td>
<td>Hometown</td>
<td>Occupation Prior to Imprisonment</td>
<td>Date of Detention</td>
<td>Status</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kim Kyung-ok</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in Eundeok-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>January 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cho Sung-hye</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Eundeok-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>February 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bang Eun-suk</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>Eundeok-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>January 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Guk-hwa</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yu Sung-geum</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer at the Musan Mine in North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>November 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Heo Eun-sook</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Songpyeong Dist., Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>February 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bang Geum-seon</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Eundeok-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>April 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeon Young-sook</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Pyeongseong, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>May 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Chun-ok</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Anju, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>April 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Seong-hee</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in the Seong Cheongang District, Hamheung, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>May 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(50) Kim Hye-ok</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in Uiju-gun, North Pyongan Province</td>
<td>June 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Hye-young</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in the Fishing Department in Sinpo, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>July 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Woo Mok-lan</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in a pottery factory</td>
<td>January 2005</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Sun-hee (2nd generation Korean Japanese)</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Instructor at the Korean Children’s Union of the Ohsandeko People’s School (elementary school) in Hoeryong, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-soon</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>28</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in the Musan Mine, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>January 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Gwang-myung</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Farmer in Musan</td>
<td>February 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Kyung-soo</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Director of the KWP 414 Liaison Office</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Jong-min</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Instructor at the KWP 414 Liaison Office</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ahn Won-kil</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Nampo</td>
<td>Secretary for Seo Yun-seok, a Chief Secretary of the Party Committee in South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>May 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>Age Upon Imprisonment</td>
<td>Hometown</td>
<td>Occupation Prior to Imprisonment</td>
<td>Date of Detention</td>
<td>Status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-gil</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Ganggye, Jagang Province</td>
<td>Sports instructor of the Eighth Division, People’s Security Forces</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Chang-wan</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Instructor at the Second Division of the SSD and interpreter for the North Korean mission to the UN until 1999</td>
<td>August 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Sung-joon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Deokcheon, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Instructor at the Second Division of the SSD</td>
<td>May 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Sun-hyup</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Hamheung, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Chief of a construction material company in Hamheung</td>
<td>April 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Eun-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>Yeonggwang-gun, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Director of the Ministry of Trade</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yeom Jun-shik</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Pihyeon-gun, North Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Laborer</td>
<td>July 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hwang Jong-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Medical doctor in the First Aid Division of the Municipal People’s Hospital, Kaesong</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown (released after 3 years of detention)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shin Young-sook</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Sinpo, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Announcer at the Sinpo Fishery Department</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cho Cheol-shik</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Instructor at the Business Management Office in Pyongyang</td>
<td>September 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Ran-young</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in Onseong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>May 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shim Cheol-ho (Son of Shim Chang-han, a former Minister of People’s Security)</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Vice Minister of the Ministry of Information and Communication</td>
<td>September 2001</td>
<td>Alive and the incumbent Minister of Information and Communication</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Seung-gon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Sinuiju, North Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Chief of the MPAF Reconnaissance Division</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maeng Gyung-nam</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Jeongju, North Pyongan Province</td>
<td>MPAF Foreign Business Division</td>
<td>May 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Gwang-shik</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Secretary of the North Korean Embassy in Australia</td>
<td>May 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Seok-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Sinuiju, North Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Colonel of the KPA Reconnaissance Division</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kang</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>62</td>
<td>Daean District, Nampo</td>
<td>Director of the MPS in Daean District</td>
<td>October 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cho Seok-cheon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Director of the SSD in charge of the Ministry of Railways</td>
<td>September 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Chi-eok</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Nampo</td>
<td>Preliminary Judge of the Preliminary Investigation Department of the MPS in Nampo</td>
<td>October 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>Age Upon Imprisonment</td>
<td>Hometown</td>
<td>Occupation Prior to Imprisonment</td>
<td>Date of Detention</td>
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<tr>
<td>Han</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>Ryonggang-gun, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Vice Director of the People's Safety Ministry in Ryonggang-gun</td>
<td>October 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yoo Soon-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Nampo</td>
<td>Preliminary Judge of the Preliminary Investigation Department of the MPS in Ryonggang-gun</td>
<td>November 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
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<tr>
<td>Park Myung-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Nampo</td>
<td>Official of the Resident Registration Department of the MPS in Ryonggang-gun</td>
<td>October 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Bong-seon</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>SSD Vice Director of the Conspiracy Research Office</td>
<td>December 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yeom Jeong-je</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>Hyesan, Yanggang Province</td>
<td>Chief Prosecutor of Morangbong District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Yun-sik</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Chief Prosecutor of Jung District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kang Hak-geun</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Chief Prosecutor of Sosong District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shim Eun-taek</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>Gapsan-gun, Yanggang Province</td>
<td>Yanggang Province Chief Prosecutor</td>
<td>November 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Byung-nam</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Organizational Secretary of the Party in Yanggang Province</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Chun-kwon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>Gangdong-gun, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Brigade Commander of the Seventh Division in the People’s Security Forces</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Myung-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>68</td>
<td>Hwangju, North Hwanghae Province</td>
<td>Political Director of the SSD, the Forestry Mission to Russia</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kang Young-seon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>Nampo</td>
<td>Agent of the SSD in Nampo</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Cheol-jun (Son of the Vice Director of the General Bureau of Reconnaissance)</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Representative of the Civil Aviation of North Korea Mission to Russia</td>
<td>September 2001</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Choi Young-ki</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Instructor at the Yukyung Branch Office of the Chosun Pyongyang Trade Company</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ahn Chang-nam</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>Ganggye, Jagang Province</td>
<td>Director of the Justice Department in the KWP Central Committee</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Myung-hak</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>36</td>
<td>Hamheung</td>
<td>Laborer in the No. 66 Company in South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>October 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Jong-seok</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Pyeongseong, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>President of the Seokyung Trading Company affiliated with the FAD in the KWP Central Committee</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Director of the SSD in Rangnang District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>September 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
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<tr>
<td>Han Myung-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Director of the MPS</td>
<td>May 2004</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cha Bok-soon</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Manager of Buheung Company’s Pyongyang Branch of the Second Economic Committee, which deals with the military economy</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cho Bong-ae</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Office worker in the business center in Suncheon, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>September 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yun Yang-kwon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>54</td>
<td>Nampo</td>
<td>Counselor of the Trade Representative in France</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Pa</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Chongam District, Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kang Chul-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>Sinuiju, North Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Instructor at the Trade Division in North Pyongan Province</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Alive</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Soo-hyun</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>Musan, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Miner in the Musan Mine</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Cheol-yong</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Hyesan, Yanggang Province</td>
<td>Interpreter at the Trade Division in Yanggang Province</td>
<td>November 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Gwang-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Hamheung, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Instructor in Division 2 of the MPS</td>
<td>September 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Si-ae</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Mangyongdae District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>Choreographer at the Pyongyang Students’ and Children’s Palace</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kwak Gwang-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Dongmyung-dong, Hoeryong, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Jeong-soo</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Chollima District, Nampo</td>
<td>Vice Director of the Kim Il-sung Socialist Youth League in the Chollima District</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yeom Young-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Chollima District, Nampo</td>
<td>Chair of the Kim Il-sung Socialist Youth League of the City Construction Office in Chollima District</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Gwang-ok</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Chollima District, Nampo</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-hwa</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Chollima District, Nampo</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goh Eun-hee</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>24</td>
<td>Chollima District, Nampo</td>
<td>Laborer at the City Construction Business Center</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Ik-soo</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Instructor at the Maebong Trade Company in the General Staff of the MPAF</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Deok-won</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Instructor at the Weolmyungsan Trading Company in the KWP Central Committee</td>
<td>November 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Yun-gil</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Senior Officer at the Food Supply Office in Pyongyang</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
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<tr>
<td>Kim Jong-myung</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>46</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Engineer at the Communication Maintenance Bureau in Pyongyang</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Agent of KWP Office 35</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jin Cheol-kwon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Kaesong</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>November 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Il-hyun</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Kimchaek, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Miner at the Musan Mine</td>
<td>December 1999</td>
<td>Escaped from North Korea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Yeol-mo</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>58</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Colonel of the KPA</td>
<td>September 2003</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yu Guk-jin</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>Kimchaek, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Director of Foreign Affairs, SSD in North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Released in February 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Hyun-soo</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer for the Forestry Business Center in Russia</td>
<td>May 2003</td>
<td>In South Korea</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Shin Jeong-ae (Japanese-Korean)</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>April 2000</td>
<td>In the U.S.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Instructor at the Mankyungbong 92, Division No. 2 in the SSD</td>
<td>May 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cheon Chang-hee</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Anbyeon-gun, Kangwon Province</td>
<td>Squad leader at the No. 131 Instruction Division in charge of the KWP nuclear facility construction unit</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Seok-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>Jonchun-gun, Jagang Province</td>
<td>Soldier of the No. 131 Instruction Division in charge of the KWP nuclear facility construction unit</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yun Seong-min</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Vice Director of the Buheung Company of the Second Economic Committee</td>
<td>September 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Kyung-il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>34</td>
<td>Saethyul-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Programmer for the Academy of Science for Defense in Yongsung District, Pyongyang</td>
<td>August 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Sun-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Pilot of the Division 4 Air Force Headquarter, MPAF</td>
<td>September 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seo Chun-bo</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Manager of Division 12 in the SSD</td>
<td>August 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Hwa-soon</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Office worker at Hwadae-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>January 2005</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
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<tr>
<td>Jeong Hyo-sook</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>Kaesong</td>
<td>Housewife</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Huh Geum-joo</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>29</td>
<td>Hamheung, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Master of Taekwondo in Hamheung</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Huh (Father of Huh Geum-joo)</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Hamheung, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Instructor at the Machine Factory in Hamheung</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yang Weon-jong</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>59</td>
<td>Saethyul-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Director of Counterintelligence for the SSD in Onseong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>May 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Jong-soo</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>Hwaseong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Head of the MPAF Operational Department</td>
<td>May 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
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<td>Hometown</td>
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<tr>
<td>Kim Byung-soon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>61</td>
<td>North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Released by an order of Kim Jong-il in October 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Dong-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>64</td>
<td>Cheongam District, Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Chief Director of Eundeok Headquarters, which deals with gasoline for the MPAF</td>
<td>September 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeong Ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Chief agent of the Operations Team for KWP Office 35</td>
<td>July 4, 2000</td>
<td>Released on the order of Kim Jong-il on July 4, 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jung Kwang-il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>40</td>
<td>China</td>
<td>Agent of the Operations Team for KWP Office 35</td>
<td>July 4, 2000</td>
<td>Released on the order of Kim Jong-il on July 4, 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cho Chang-kil</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Agent of the Operations Team for KWP Office 35</td>
<td>July 4, 2000</td>
<td>Released on the order of Kim Jong-il on July 4, 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(140) Kim Guk-sung</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Agent of the Operations Team for KWP Office 35</td>
<td>July 4, 2000</td>
<td>Released on the order of Kim Jong-il on July 4, 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Goh Eun-kyung</td>
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<td>42</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Agent of the Operations Team for KWP Office 35</td>
<td>July 4, 2000</td>
<td>Released on the order of Kim Jong-il on July 4, 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Myung-soo</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>48</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Agent of the Operations Team for KWP Office 35</td>
<td>July 4, 2000</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kang Seok-chul</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>43</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Instructor at the KWP Liaison Office 131</td>
<td>October 2002</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Sun-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>Sakju-gun, North Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Soldier of the Guard Command</td>
<td>October 2001</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bang Young-sil</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Komusan, Buryeong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Station staff member at Gilju Station</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Died of starvation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>Age Upon Imprisonment</td>
<td>Hometown</td>
<td>Occupation Prior to Imprisonment</td>
<td>Date of Detention</td>
<td>Status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>-----------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Chang-rok</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Hoeryong, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>None</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Died on February 16, 2000 due to diseases contracted in prison</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Il-nam</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>41</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Commander of Hoeryong Station, Chongjin Railway Department</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Yong-il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Nanam District, Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Laborer at Kim Chaek Iron and Steel Complex</td>
<td>September 2000</td>
<td>Died of starvation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-sil</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Worked in a propaganda team in Bocheon-gun, Yanggang Province</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in April 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Ho-seok</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>37</td>
<td>Yeonsa-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Laborer in the Sangha Coal Mine in Onseong-gun</td>
<td>May 2001</td>
<td>Executed for trying to escape the camp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Cha Gwang-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>Wonsan, Gangweon Province</td>
<td>Reporter for KCNA</td>
<td>November 1999</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in December 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Kyung-cheon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Cameraman for the Central Broadcasting Committee</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Died in May 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Young-gi</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>Sinuiju, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Head of the Sinuiju branch of the Birobong Trading Company under the Intelligence Department of the MPAF</td>
<td>November 2001</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in December 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Jong-bok</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>52</td>
<td>Yangdeok-gun, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>Manager of the Secretariat of the People’s Committee in Yang-deok-gun</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in December 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Su-won</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>Juwon-ri, Onseong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Farmer in Juwon Collective Farm</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Died</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Kyung-il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>45</td>
<td>Hamheung, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Laborer at the Heungham Chemical Factory in Hamheung</td>
<td>April 2000</td>
<td>Died of colitis in June 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Choi Gwang-ho</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>47</td>
<td>Buryeong-gun, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Manager of the Chemical Material Company in Buryeong-gun</td>
<td>April 2001</td>
<td>Publicly executed in the camp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park In-shik</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Manager of a material management unit at a side farm affiliated with the Escort Bureau</td>
<td>September 2001</td>
<td>Died</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Gwang-yeon</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>32</td>
<td>Wonsan, Gangweon Province</td>
<td>Researcher at the Science Center in Pyeongseong</td>
<td>July 2001</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in January 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>Age Upon Imprisonment</td>
<td>Hometown</td>
<td>Occupation Prior to Imprisonment</td>
<td>Date of Detention</td>
<td>Status</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------</td>
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<td>-----------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeong Hak-su</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>42</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Laborer in Gwangpo Duck Factory in Jeongpyeong-gun, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>September 2000</td>
<td>Died of starvation in January 2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Gwang-il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>18</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>High school student in Suncheon, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>October 2002</td>
<td>Dragged somewhere at night with his younger brother, Kim Gwang-sik. Maybe executed or sent to a total control zone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Gwang-sik</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Student in Suncheon, South Pyongan Province</td>
<td>October 2002</td>
<td>Dragged somewhere at night with his older brother, Kim Gwang-il. Maybe executed or sent to a total control zone</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lee Gwang-seong</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Football player for the Provincial Sports Team, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>September 2002</td>
<td>Dragged somewhere at night around March 2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Noh Chun-sam</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Mining and forestry laborer in Samjiyeong-gun, Yanggang Province</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Sent to an unknown location in August 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Seo Jin</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Hwangju, North Hwanghae Province</td>
<td>Foreign Business Division of the MPAF</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in June 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Geon-ki</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>44</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Foreign Business Division of the MPAF</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>66</td>
<td>Yanggang Province</td>
<td>Director of the SSD in Yanggang Province</td>
<td>November 2000</td>
<td>Died of torture and beatings by the Defense Security Command in December 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Gender</td>
<td>Age Upon Imprisonment</td>
<td>Hometown</td>
<td>Occupation Prior to Imprisonment</td>
<td>Date of Detention</td>
<td>Status</td>
</tr>
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<td>---------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Song Geun-il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>Pyongyang</td>
<td>Brigade Commander of the Seventh Division of the People’s Security Forces</td>
<td>February 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in December 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Sung-do</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>67</td>
<td>Hamheung, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Chief Instructor of Division No. 2 of the SSD in Shinpo</td>
<td>March 2000</td>
<td>Dragged somewhere in 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hwang Sung-jin</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>Wonsan, Gangwon Province</td>
<td>President of the Haegeum Trade Company of the MPAF</td>
<td>May 2001</td>
<td>Died of disease in detention</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Han Young-tae</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Director of the SSD of the Haegeum Trade Company</td>
<td>May 2001</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Myung-hwa</td>
<td>F</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>Hyesan, Yanggang Province</td>
<td>Reconnaissance Division of the MPAF</td>
<td>April 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in April 2003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Geun-chil</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Jeoncheon-gun, Jagang Province</td>
<td>Shoe repairman in Gangbye, Jagang Province</td>
<td>November 2001</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Gwang-nam</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>38</td>
<td>Hoeryeong, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Laborer at the Hoeryong Station</td>
<td>April 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in June 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Joo Il</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>50</td>
<td>Hamheung, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Violinist in the Merits Chorus of the MPAF</td>
<td>May 2001</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in March 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Young-jun</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>35</td>
<td>Cheongam District, Chongjin, North Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Engineer at Chongjin Station</td>
<td>July 2001</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition on June 21, 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oh Kyung-hwan</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Instructor at Division 2 of the SSD</td>
<td>December 1999</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in December 2000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Yun Young-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>56</td>
<td>Japan</td>
<td>Dalian Branch Chief of the Baekyang Company in the MPAF</td>
<td>December 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in 2002</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Ki-bok</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>51</td>
<td>Dancheon, South Hamgyong Province</td>
<td>Chief of Investigation of the SSD in Hoeryong</td>
<td>January 2001</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in August 2001</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Sang-cheol</td>
<td>M</td>
<td>27</td>
<td>Unknown</td>
<td>Soldier</td>
<td>June 2000</td>
<td>Died of malnutrition in 2002</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Appendix I: List of 421 High-Level Purges

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Period</th>
<th>Name and Position at Time of Purging</th>
<th>Purging Method and Reason</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| 2010   | **Choi Seung-cheol** : Vice Minister of KWP Ministry of Unification  
**Kwon Ho-woong** : Director of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland Secretariat  
**Jang Woo-young** : Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland Secretariat Deputy Director  
**Park Kyung-cheol** : Deputy Director of the Committee for the Peaceful Reunification of the Fatherland Secretariat  
**Kim Kwang-min** : United Front Department Beijing Station Representative  
**Baek Moon-gil** : State Security Department North-South Relations Bureau, and the other 6 members  
**Park Nam-gi** : KWP Planning and Finance Department Director and his Family  
**Ri Tae-il** : KWP Planning and Finance Department Deputy Director | **Public Executions**; the first instances of Kim Jong-un executing the leadership of the State Security Department  
**Public Executions**; labeled responsible for currency reform failure |

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22 Kim Jong-un was born on January 8th, 1984, thus making him 27 when Kim Jong-il died in December, 2011.

23 ‘Central Party’ is short for the ‘Central Committee of the Korean Workers’ Party.’ Since the Korean Workers’ Party includes both the Central and regional party organizations, the ‘Korean Workers’ Party’ and ‘Central Party’ are not the same concept.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>Hong Suk-hyung</td>
<td>North Hamgyong Party Secretary; Former Planning and Finance Department Director (Grandson of Hong Myong-hui, author of “Im Kkokjong”)</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>Ryu Kyung</td>
<td>Vice-Chairman of the State Security Department</td>
<td>Executed; family also executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>Kwak Jung-cheol</td>
<td>Deputy Chief of KWP Office No. 39 (former Party Secretary to the Embassy in Beijing)</td>
<td>Executed; connected to Kim Jong-nam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2011</td>
<td>Shim ○○</td>
<td>Former Korye Air Representative in Beijing (3~5 people)</td>
<td>Executed; connected to Kim Jong-nam</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Kim Cheol</td>
<td>Deputy Director of Ministry of the People’s Army</td>
<td>Executed by anti-aircraft gun and destroyed the lament by tank in January 2012 at Kang Gun Military Academy</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Park Young Moo</td>
<td>Chief of Financial Affairs for Kim Jong-il’s secretarial office</td>
<td>Three generations of his family were exterminated (including young grandsons)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>○○○○</td>
<td>Kim Jong-il’s Secretariat in Russia (7 other employees)</td>
<td>Execution by anti-aircraft gun</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>Ri Yong-ho</td>
<td>North Korean Army Chief of Staff</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>○○○○</td>
<td>General Director of the Central Party</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>12 Members of the Unhasu Orchestra and Wangjaesan Light Music Band</td>
<td>Execution by anti-aircraft gun</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2012</td>
<td>5 War Veterans in Seopo-gu, Pyongyang</td>
<td>Executions were carried out on the grounds that veterans publicly conveyed their grievances, complaining that they were &quot;more inferior to porpoises&quot; after their residences were leveled without guaranteed replacement in order to construct a Porpoise Center in Seopo-gu.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>Ri Ryong-ha</td>
<td>First Vice Director of the Central Party’s Administrative Department</td>
<td>Executed; family also executed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

24 The referencing of North Korean names such as ‘Ryu Kyung’ and ‘Ri Yong-ha’ follows the North Korean notational system.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position and Details</th>
<th>Fate</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Jang Soo-gil</td>
<td>Vice Director of the Central Party’s Administrative Department</td>
<td>Executed by anti-aircraft gun; family also executed including son-in-law</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liang Chong-song</td>
<td>Vice Director of the Central Party Administrative Department</td>
<td>Executed 9 out of 11 officials of the Administrative Dept.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Choon-hong</td>
<td>Vice-Chairman of the Central Party Administrative Department and a political official of the 7th General Corps</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeon Young-jin</td>
<td>Jang Song-thaek's brother-in-law (former Cuban ambassador)</td>
<td>Executed; family also executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>20~30 members of the Central Party Administrative Department including unit chiefs and staff</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Yong-cheol</td>
<td>Ambassador to Malaysia, nephew of Jang Song-thaek</td>
<td>His wife, Park Chun-hee (actress in “Hong Gil-dong”), was exiled after being forced to divorce him; their two sons (18 and 20 years old) were executed with Jang Yong-cheol.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oh Jung-hoon</td>
<td>The Head of Geumseong Academy, Jang Song-thaek’s entourage</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jeon Hye-young</td>
<td>Jang Song-thaek’s niece (older sister's daughter)</td>
<td>Political Prisoner</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Kwang-cheol</td>
<td>Ambassador to Sweden</td>
<td>Executed; entire family, including daughter Park Mi-young(Famous actress), incarcerated as political prisoners</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7 key high-ranking officers of 54th Bureau of the Central Party Administrative Department</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jang Myong-hak</td>
<td>Chief of the KWP Central Party Administrative Department Nanometal research institution Around 20 people close to Ri Ryong-ha, First Deputy Director of the Administrative Department</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryu Jae-kwan</td>
<td>In charge of the Beijing Haedanghwa restaurant</td>
<td>Executed at the same time</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ryu Jae-kwan’s Wife</td>
<td>In charge of the Pyongyang Haedanghwa restaurant</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim ○○○</td>
<td>Director of the People's Security</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Position</td>
<td>Fate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ri Cheol</td>
<td>Supporter of the People's Security Department 9th Bureau and around 10~20 others</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Gu Myeong-seon</td>
<td>Director of the People's Security Department 8th Bureau and 10 others</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○○○○</td>
<td>Political Official of the People's Security Department 225th Bureau</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Bang Chun-sam</td>
<td>Political Official of the People's Security Department 8th General Corps; Jang Song-thaek’s secretary</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○○○○</td>
<td>People's Security Department 8th General Corps Chief of Staff</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Myung-ryul</td>
<td>Central Party Administrative Department 54th Bureau Nampo Branch Chief</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ri Ryong-nam</td>
<td>Chagang Province Party Propaganda Secretary, younger brother of Ri Ryong-ha, Central Administrative Department 1st Deputy Director</td>
<td>Executed and entire family incarcerated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ri Hee-cheol</td>
<td>Director of the Political Affairs Bureau and in-law of Ri Ryong-ha</td>
<td>Exiled and all of his sons incarcerated</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ri Woong-gil</td>
<td>Central Party International Department Chief in charge of Europe</td>
<td>All family members (excluding daughters-in-law) incarcerated in political concentration camps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Young-jin</td>
<td>Central Party Administrative Department 54th Bureau Fisheries Bureau Director</td>
<td>Executed; entire family incarcerated in Kaechon Number 14 internment camp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Park Seong-cheol</td>
<td>Beijing Haedanghwa Restaurant Manager</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oh Sang-heon</td>
<td>Director of the People's Security Department 8th bureau</td>
<td>Execution by anti-aircrafts and flamethrowers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○○○○</td>
<td>Administrative Department 54th Bureau Chief of Staff</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○○○○</td>
<td>Director of the People's Security Department 7th General Corps</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Position/Role</td>
<td>Fate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cho Seong-kyu</strong></td>
<td>National Tourism Bureau Inter-Korean Travel Agency CEO; Jang Song-thaek’s son-in-law</td>
<td>Entire family incarcerated in concentration camp</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>○○○○: Chief of Central Party Office 35</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Park Sung-○</strong></td>
<td>Guidance Bureau 2 Director; Jang Song-thaek’s entourage</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>○○○○: People’s Security Department, Commander of Interior Forces, Political Official, Chief of Staff, etc.</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oh Cheol-sung</strong></td>
<td>Guidance Bureau 131 Director</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Oh Sa-sung</strong></td>
<td>Head of Rason City Trade Bureau, Guidance Bureau 131, younger sibling of Oh Cheol-sung</td>
<td>Subpoenaed to Pyongyang and disappeared</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>○○○○: Guidance Bureau 131 Financial Section Chief (Female)</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Park Doo-ik</strong></td>
<td>1st Army Corps Political Official</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>11 people of different positions including Choi Geum-cheol, Kim Dong-yi, Han Ryong-gil, Jeong Sung-il, Choi Byung-hee, Ahn Jong-hwan, Cho Won-beom, Ri Cheol-ho, Kim Gyeong-soo, and Jeon Eung-ryul</td>
<td>Executed; branded as anti-revolutionary</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10 people connected to the Jang Song-thaek Ministry of Foreign Affairs</td>
<td>Executed</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Kim Geun-seop</strong></td>
<td>Central OGD Deputy Director, 7 people including Haeju Party OGD secretary25</td>
<td>Public execution on grounds of watching South Korean dramas, drug use, leading a promiscuous private life, etc.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>○○○○: People’s Army, Department Director of Construction and Design; rank at the time: Major</td>
<td>Executed by anti-aircraft gun for being unsatisfied with the Mirim Racecourse</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7 military engineering university students</td>
<td>Beaten up by guards in front of college students, loaded into cars, and swiftly driven to be executed</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

25 While some people reported the public execution of Kim Geun-seop, Deputy Director of the Central OGD and 7 of his associates to have taken place in 2014, this document follows the testimonies of defectors who report their executions to have taken place in 2013.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Position</th>
<th>Action</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>○◯◯◯: Director of the Obongsan Management Office (Crematorium)</td>
<td>Executed; released secrets related to the cremation of a young girl who had managed Kim's vacation home at Obongsan Crematorium</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Kim Ok</strong>: Section Chief for Kim Jong-il’s Secretariat and his fourth wife</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Kim ○◯</strong>: Kim Ok’s older brother; first vice-chairman of Kim Il-sung University</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Ri Young-soo</strong>: Director of Central Party Labor Organization; aide to Jang Song-thaek</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Baek Gye-ryong</strong>: Chief of Central Party Light Industry Department; Kim Kyung-hee and Jang Song-thaek’s entourage</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○◯◯◯: Head of the Military General Political Bureau 38 (Kim Jong-un’s summer house management)</td>
<td>Executed; drank with Ma Won-chun, Design Director for the National Defense Commission, at Song-Jungak (Kim Jong-un’s summer house)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○◯◯◯: People's Security Department Chief of Staff</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○◯◯◯: People's Security Department general section manager and vice-department head</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○◯◯◯: President of the Unified Development Bank, Kim Kyung-hee’s inner circle</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○◯◯◯: Eunha Guidance Bureau Director, Kim Kyung-hee’s inner circle</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Kim Cheol-soo</strong>: State Security Department Foreign Anti-Detectorate; former Shenyang Consulate Representative (passport screening)</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20~30 close associates of the Central Party’s Light Industry Department’s Kim Kyung-hee</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10 key members of the People's Security Department</td>
<td>Executed; People's Security Department 2nd Inspection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>○ ○ ○ : KWP Light Industry department General Manager; Kim Kyung-hee’s secretary</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kim Kyung-hee: Kim Jong-un’s aunt</td>
<td>Assassinated</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Hyun Young-cheol:</strong> Head of People’s Army and several associated individuals</td>
<td>Executed by anti-aircraft gun</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Byun In-sun:</strong> Operations Director General of the People’s Army</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Cho Young-nam:</strong> Vice Chairman of the National Planning Committee</td>
<td>Executed; showed dissatisfaction with the construction of the Future Scientists Road</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Choi Young-gun:</strong> Deputy Prime Minister</td>
<td>Executed for poor performance in the implementation of Kim Jong-un’s forest-greening policy</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Jarang Farm Manager, Party Secretary</td>
<td>Summarily executed, his farm failed due to lack of electricity and food</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>People’s Army General Political Bureau Political Events Section Chief</td>
<td>Summarily executed for creating an unsatisfactory welcome at one of Kim Jong-un’s event</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Kim Yong-jin:</strong> Deputy Prime Minister for Education</td>
<td>Executed, Bad posture at Kim Jong-un’s event</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Kim Seung-nam:</strong> State Security Department deputy director</td>
<td>Executed by anti-aircraft gun</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6 State Security Department deputy directors</td>
<td>Purged after having left office</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>2016</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>20~30 staff including the director, deputy-directors, and section chiefs of the State Security Department</td>
<td>Executed by anti-aircraft gun; reportedly a ‘bloodbath’</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A few members of the Central OGD’s State Security Management Office including deputy department heads</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Chief Political Director of the State Security Department</td>
<td>Executed</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Year</td>
<td>Name</td>
<td>Position</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>------</td>
<td>---------------------------</td>
<td>--------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td><strong>Hwang Yong Sik</strong></td>
<td>CEO of the KKG, Kum Kang General Development Company. Part of the People’s Army General Political Bureau.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Deputy Chief of the Political Bureau KKG.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Director of the Organizational Dep of the KKG.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Chief of the Tour Dep of the KKG.</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td><strong>Kim Jong-nam</strong></td>
<td><em>Kim Jong-un’s half-brother</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Kim Won-hong</strong></td>
<td><em>Head of the State Security Department</em></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>10 high-ranking North Korean military officers</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Endnotes

² Court Robinson, “Lost Generation,” HRNK.
³ North Korea Strategy Center, “Executions and Purges of North Korean Elites: An Investigation into Genocide Based on High-Ranking Officials’ Testimonies,” 76.