HUNGARY
Second Review
Session 25
Review in the Working Group: 4 May 2016
Adoption in the Plenary: 21 September 2016

Hungary’s responses to recommendations (as of 21.09.2016):

<table>
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<th>In the Report of the Working Group:</th>
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<td>221 recs received, all pending</td>
<td>Of the 221 pending, 98 are accepted, 91 are accepted and considered already implemented, 12 are “accepted in part”, and 20 are noted</td>
<td>“At the HRC, the VP stated that out of the 221 recommendations, 189 enjoy the support of the State under Review, 20 were noted and additional clarification is provided for 12”</td>
<td>Accepted: 201 Noted: 32 Total: 233</td>
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Paragraph headers are as in the Report of the Working Group, but the nature of responses to recommendations may have subsequently been changed.

List of recommendations contained in Section II of the Report of the Working Group A/HRC/25/6:

128. The recommendations formulated during the interactive dialogue/listed below will be examined by Hungary which will provide responses in due time, but no later than the thirty-third session of the Human Rights Council in September 2016:

1 12 Recommendations were ‘accepted in part’ and as the parts accepted and noted were clearly identified. Recommendations 128.1, 128.2, 128.4, 128.5, 128.8, 128.58, 128.137, 128.138, 128.85, 128.87, 128.88, 128.190 were split into two recommendations, one accepted and one noted. The total number of recommendations is now 233.
128.1
N - Widen the scope of international obligations through accession to the remaining international treaties, such as the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families, and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure and the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights
A - and the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Albania);

128.2
N - Consider ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communications procedure
A - the International Labour Organization (ILO) Domestic Workers Convention, 2011 (No. 189) (Philippines)
A - 128.3 Accept the competence of the Committee on Enforced Disappearances, in conformity with Articles 31 and 32 of the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (France)

128.4
A – Consider ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Ghana) and
N - the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of all Migrant Workers and Members of their Families;

128.5
A - Become party to the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court, the Conventions on the refugees and stateless persons, the Convention to fight discrimination in Education and
N – to the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families and to the ILO Indigenous and Tribal Peoples Convention, 1989 (no. 169) (Honduras);
A - 128.6 Ratify the Council of Europe Convention on Preventing and Combating Violence against Women and Domestic Violence against Women and Domestic Violence (Italy), (Montenegro), (Netherlands) (Turkey) (Belgium);

N - 128.7 Withdraw its reservation on pertinent articles of the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights, the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights and the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on the involvement of children in armed conflict (South Africa);

128.8
A - Ratify the Istanbul Convention
N - without delay (Bosnia and Herzegovina);

N - 128.9 Sign and ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Turkey);

N - 128.10 Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of all Migrant Workers and Members of their Families (Ecuador) (Guatemala) ( Uruguay);
N - 128.11 Consider ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Egypt);

N - 128.12 Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families, as previously recommended (Senegal);

A - 128.13 Consider acceding to the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Kazakhstan);

A - 128.14 Accelerate the process of accession to the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Mongolia);

A - 128.15 Ratify the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance (Montenegro) (Sierra Leone) (Uruguay) (France);

A - 128.16 Step up the process of consultations concerning the accession to the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance, as previously recommended (Senegal);

N - 128.17 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the Convention on the Rights of the Child on a communication procedure (Togo) (Portugal) (Uruguay);

N - 128.18 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Italy);

N - 128.19 Ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Portugal)

A - 128.20 Fully align domestic legislation with the Rome Statute of the International Criminal Court through explicit provisions on the duty to cooperate promptly and fully with the Court (Austria);

A - 128.21 Continue further improvement of the protection and promotion of human rights in the country (Azerbaijan);

A - 128.22 Continue to provide protection to the family as the natural and fundamental unit of the society (Egypt);

A - 128.23 Develop and implement a National Action Plan on Human Rights to further ensure systematic and comprehensive approach for the promotion and protection of human rights, with the full engagement of the civil society (Indonesia);

N - 128.24 Ensure that its policies, legislation, regulations and enforcement measures effectively serve to prevent and address the heightened risk of business involvement in abuses in conflict situations, which includes situations of foreign occupation (State of Palestine);

A - 128.25 Step up efforts to establish a mechanism to monitor measures to help address and ameliorate the conditions of women and children (Philippines);

A - 128.26 Assess the compatibility of its policies and laws with its international obligations including all core principles of human rights to which Hungary is a party (Ethiopia);

A - 128.27 Continue the efforts to harmonize national legislation with international standards in the field of human rights (Morocco);
A - 128.28 Continue to promote and protect the fundamental freedoms and human rights of all its citizens (Nigeria);

A - 128.29 Deepen its commitment with the International Criminal Court through adapting its national legislation to the Rome Statute (Peru);

A - 128.30 Consider developing Human Rights Indicators as suggested by the OHCHR as an instrument that allows for a more precise and coherent evaluation of national human rights policies (Portugal);

A - 128.31 Consider increasing the funding of the National Preventive Mechanism, in order to support its work and the detention monitoring activities (Croatia);

A - 128.32 Provide adequate resources and functional independence to the Equal Treatment Authority (India);

A - 128.33 Continue to implement measures to protect the rights of the child (Tajikistan);

A - 128.34 Enhance measures to protect the rights of children, women and other vulnerable groups (Lao People’s Democratic Republic);

A - 128.35 Consider establishing independent mechanism for monitoring children’s rights and providing necessary financial resources for its functioning (Poland);

A - 128.36 Ensure consultation processes which allow a public debate and interaction with the independent civil society, with sufficient time during the drafting of new laws and public policies (Switzerland);

A - 128.37 Engage in consultation with pro-transparency organizations and other relevant stakeholders prior to developing or implementing new legislation on Freedom of Information (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);

A - 128.38 Refrain from targeting or restricting the activities of civil society organizations based on their political affiliation or their receipt of foreign funding (Australia);

A - 128.39 Adopt measures to comply with provisions of the new Constitution including on combating discrimination and ensuring equal participation in political and public affairs by all citizens (Botswana);

A - 128.40 Improve both formal and informal dialogue and public consultation between the Government and civil society, including on proposed legislation with an impact on human rights (Czech Republic);

A - 128.41 Continue with the efforts aimed at ensuring timely cooperation with treaty bodies, regarding the submission of its overdue national reports (The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia);

A - 128.42 Submit overdue reports to Committee on the Elimination of Racial Discrimination, Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and to the Human Rights Committee (Ukraine);

A - 128.43 Intensify efforts aimed at implementing recommendations of treaty bodies and special procedures including the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women, the Committee on the Rights of the Child, the Special Rapporteur on contemporary forms of racism, racial
discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance and the Working Group on Arbitrary Detention (Ukraine);

A - 128.44 Take appropriate measures to progressively reduce the existing backlog of overdue reports to the United Nations treaty bodies (Kazakhstan);

A - 128.45 Submit overdue reports to the Human Rights Committee, the Committee on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the Committee against Torture (Sierra Leone);

A - 128.46 Continue to strengthen measures to promote tolerance and respect for cultural diversity and to counter prejudice, stereotypes, discrimination, racism and Islamophobia (United Arab Emirates);

A - 128.47 Reconsider policies on family, gender equality and non-discrimination (Bahrain);

A - 128.48 Continue efforts to sensitize the public to combat discrimination on all grounds online to ensure that all rights are respected (Croatia);

A - 128.49 Continue efforts in following up and monitoring any discrimination based on sex, race or any other form (Ethiopia);

A - 128.50 Continue to implement National Social Inclusion Strategy (Pakistan);

A - 128.51 Take all the necessary measures to fully implement the National Social Inclusion Strategy (Slovenia);

A - 128.52 Enact comprehensive legislation that fully guarantees the application of the principle of non-discrimination and to ensure the full enjoyment of all human rights by every member of society (South Africa);

A - 128.53 Intensify activities aimed at overcoming gender stereotypes (The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia);

A - 128.54 Take effective measures to address the needs of women belonging to minorities, such as Roma women, in order to eliminate all forms of discrimination against them (The former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia);

A - 128.55 Provide the national mechanism for the promotion of gender equality of adequate human and financial resources to enable it to effectively fulfil its mandate (Togo);

A - 128.56 Address the discriminatory situation of women belonging to minorities, including Roma women (Bangladesh);

A - 128.57 Take further measures to reduce the inequality between sexes, sensitize the population in this regard and ensure that these measures are effectively implemented (Belgium);

128.58
A - Continue to take action towards a comprehensive gender equality strategy

N - and introduce effective legislative measures to increase women's participation in political life and decision-making (Bosnia and Herzegovina);

A - 128.59 Redouble its efforts towards combating stereotypical division of gender roles in family and society (India)
A - 128.60 Adopt a comprehensive law on domestic violence (Iran (Islamic Republic of));

A - 128.61 Take further steps to address root causes that affect the rights of women belonging to disadvantaged groups (Latvia);

A - 128.62 Take concrete measures to improve access to decent work for all women, eliminate all discrimination against women at work, and create more socioeconomic opportunities for disenfranchised women (Malaysia);

A - 128.63 Introduce effective legislative measures to increase women's participation in political life and decision-making (Namibia);

A - 128.64 Continue to make efforts to ensure women's participation in political life and in decision-making (Pakistan);

A - 128.65 Establish effective legislative measures, such as quotas, to improve the participation of women in political life and decision-making processes (Algeria);

A - 128.66 Adopt a comprehensive, human rights based gender equality strategy (Slovenia);

A - 128.67 Continue the implementation of Roma integration policies in all social economic cultural political and educational sectors (Lebanon);

A - 128.68 Support the gender integration in all spheres of life (Tajikistan);

A - 128.69 Strengthen its measures to combat racism and discrimination in all its forms against migrants and asylum seekers (Thailand);

A - 128.70 Take all necessary measures to eliminate racial discrimination and segregation of Roma in education (Timor-Leste);

A - 128.71 Implement a comprehensive plan of action envisaged to protect the rights and improve the life conditions of women and children pertaining to ethnic minorities (Uruguay);

A - 128.72 Step up the efforts to combat all forms of discrimination and favour equality of opportunities and treatment, with special care and attention to those who are in a more vulnerable situation, such as persons belonging to the Roma community (Argentina);

A - 128.73 Step up efforts to address discrimination and social exclusion faced by persons belonging to the Roma minority with particular emphasis on integrated schooling and social housing (Austria);

A - 128.74 Establish a comprehensive integration strategy for migrants, with specific measures to prevent and eliminate racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and intolerance against migrants irrespective of their status (Bangladesh);

A - 128.75 Continue to pay special attention to issues related to the elimination of discrimination of the Roma who study in the education system (Belarus);

A - 128.76 Take measures to eliminate any discrimination and segregation in the education system against Roma children (Belgium);
A - 128.77 Take effective measures to ensure the Hungarian National Police and the hate-crimes expert net improve the enforcement of laws against hate crimes, including by allocating sufficient resources; undertaking thorough investigations and prosecution; and by providing training for the front-line law enforcement (Canada);

A - 128.78 Protect persons who are marginalized and most vulnerable from intolerance, xenophobia, and other forms of discrimination (Canada);

N - 128.79 Lift the measures in force that imply the discrimination and rejection of migrants and refugees, in particular those concerning to the use of force against them (Cuba);

A - 128.80 Continue to take specific measures to prevent and eliminate racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and intolerance against migrants, refugees and asylum seekers (Egypt);

A - 128.81 Take resolute measures to put an end, without further delay, to the continuing segregation of Roma children at school (Finland);

A - 128.82 Take active measures to prevent actual segregation of Roma students in public and private schools (Germany);

A - 128.83 Redouble efforts to prevent and eliminate racial discrimination, xenophobia and the intolerance against migrants, refugees and asylum seekers (Guatemala);

A - 128.84 Undertake further steps to promote efforts to overcome residual social discrimination against Roma and other ethnic minorities (Holy See);

A - 128.85 Take effective steps to end discrimination against Roma in education, employment, housing and access to services with a special focus on ending continued segregation of Roma children at schools and N - in health (India);

A - 128.86 Strengthen its efforts to promote tolerance and cultural understanding of the Roma population in the aim of eliminating discrimination including in regard to access to education and employment and participation in politics (Japan);

128.87 A - Step up efforts to effectively prevent and combat discrimination of persons belonging to national minorities, in particular regarding their access to education N - and health care (Kazakhstan);

128.88 A - Take further steps to eliminate discrimination against the Roma population, especially in the field of education, employment, housing and access to services and N - health (Namibia);

A - 128.89 Intensify efforts to combat discrimination and ill-treatment of Roma and eliminate segregation of Roma girls in the educational system (Nigeria);

A - 128.90 Take measures to prevent and eliminate racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and others (Nigeria);
A - 128.91 Continue the work to further social and economic integration of the Roma population, reduce direct and indirect school segregation of Roma children and actively promote Roma participation in society through education (Norway);

A - 128.92 Continue its efforts to integrate the adult Roma population in the labour market and the Roma children and young people in the regular education system (Peru);

A - 128.93 Ensure that, in the context of the new legislation adopted in 2011, following the 2011 universal periodic review recommendations, the self-governments truly represent the persons of national minorities on whose behalf they act (Romania);

A - 128.94 Include specific components in public policies and budgets to address the needs of persons belonging to minorities, including Roma women and children (South Africa);

A - 128.95 Adopt more policies and allocate more resources specifically directed towards Roma women and children (Spain);

A - 128.96 Continue the efforts to combat hate speech, racism, xenophobia and all forms of discrimination against refugees and migrants (Lebanon);

A - 128.97 Carry out the work to eliminate expressions of hatred, racial and religious discrimination (Tajikistan);

A - 128.98 Intensify national efforts to prevent and eliminate all manifestations of anti-Semitism and take resolute measures to condemn hate speech, including against Roma (Albania);

A - 128.99 Take action against the worrying increase and public use of hate speech, most often addressed at migrants, asylum seekers but also civil society organizations and vulnerable groups (Austria);

A - 128.100 Intensify its efforts to combat xenophobia, islamophobia and refugee hatred, and take the necessary measures to condemn hate speech (Bahrain);

A - 128.101 Take resolute measures to condemn hate speech, racial discrimination, xenophobia and intolerance against all minority groups, migrants and asylum seekers (Bulgaria);

A - 128.102 Apply effectively policies against racism and hate speech (China);

A - 128.103 Implement effectively its legislation and policies against hate speech and hate crimes with particular focus on the human rights protection of Roma, Jews, lesbian, gay, bisexual, transgender and intersex persons and other vulnerable groups (Czech Republic);

A - 128.104 Ensure that the constitutional amendment prohibiting speech that would violate the dignity of the Hungarian nation cannot be used to silence criticism and limit freedom of expression as guaranteed under the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (Czech Republic);

A - 128.105 Take all the necessary measures to combat violence linked to racial discrimination, as well as hate crimes and speeches, including against refugees and migrants (France);

A - 128.106 Cease anti-immigration campaigns and rhetoric of incitement to hatred, xenophobia and anti-Semitism and take measures to fight against hate speech and hate crimes in general (Greece);
A - 128.107 Adopt a hate crime investigation protocol and ensure that victims of hate crimes have effective access to the mechanisms of justice and redress (Iran (Islamic Republic of));

A - 128.108 Identify efforts to combat all forms of discrimination and to ensure that hate crimes motivated by racism, xenophobia or other forms of discrimination are effectively investigated and perpetrators are brought to justice (Italy);

A - 128.109 Further step up efforts to publicly condemn hate speech, including against Roma (Lithuania);

A - 128.110 Enhance inter-ethnic, inter-religious, and inter-cultural understanding within the society, and ensure access to justice for victims of racial hatred or violence (Malaysia);

A - 128.111 Further strengthen measures to combat hate speech and hate crime (Norway);

A - 128.112 Strengthen measures to avoid hate speeches of all kinds in political messages and in the media (Peru);

A - 128.113 Combat hate speech and statements stigmatizing refugees and asylum seekers (Algeria);

A - 128.114 Prevent and combat racism and hate speech, including through human rights education and training, and by promoting tolerance (Slovenia);

A - 128.115 Enhance its efforts to prevent and root out all kind of national and ethnic intolerance, as well as condemn any incitement to ethnic and religious hatred and hate speech against the Roma in particular (Russian Federation);

A - 128.116 Implement strategies aimed at tackling hate speech and xenophobia in all its forms (Sierra Leone);

A - 128.117 Continue to fight anti-Semitism, and to oppose any attempt to relativize or rehabilitate anti-Semitic policies in past and present (Germany);

A - 128.118 Adopt and implement a comprehensive strategy and action plan to tackle discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity (Australia);

A - 128.119 Adopt a strategy and a comprehensive plan of action to counter discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity (Chile);

A - 128.120 Take comprehensive measures to counter discrimination on the grounds of sexual orientation and gender identity (Colombia);

A - 128.121 Fight against discrimination based on the origin, gender and sexual orientation, by continuing its efforts in the implementation of the existing instruments (France);

A - 128.122 Adopt a comprehensive strategy in order to combat discrimination based on sexual orientation and gender identity (Greece);

A - 128.123 Raise the legal age of marriage for women and men to 18 years (Maldives);

A - 128.124 Follow the recommendations of the 2014 Organization for Security and Cooperation in Europe election observation mission's final report (United States of America);
Promoting and strengthening the Universal Periodic Review
http://www.upr-info.org

N - 128.125 Reinstate juvenile courts and raise the age of criminal responsibility to 14 years, for all crimes, in line with international standards (Botswana);

N - 128.126 Amend the legislation on the protection of families in order to widen the definition of family (Brazil);

A - 128.127 Intensify efforts to prevent overcrowding in prisons (Chile);

N - 128.128 Take measures to address the persistence of preventive detention in police centres and the high risk of ill-treatment (Cuba);

A - 128.129 Reduce the length of the initial pretrial detention phase (Turkey);

A - 128.130 Consider adopting a law on domestic violence and criminalizing different types of violence against women (Turkey);

A - 128.131 Take additional measures to effectively combat violence against women and promote the participation of women in political life and their insertion in the professional life (France);

A - 128.132 Continue efforts, including by raising awareness, in order to prevent domestic violence and violence against women (Georgia);

A - 128.133 Promote public policies to prevent violence against women and girls, including domestic violence and sexual violence (Mexico);

A - 128.134 Strengthen efforts to combat violence against women, inter alia, by ratifying the Council of Europe Convention on Preventing and Combating Violence against Women and Domestic Violence (Poland);

A - 128.135 Establish a law to criminalize all forms of violence against women (Sierra Leone);


128.137
N - Define rape criminally based on the lack of voluntary consent
A - in addition to reinforcing and making more accessible to victims the health-care services (Spain);

128.138
A - Criminalize different types of violence against women,
N - to amend the Criminal Code to ensure that rape is defined according to the to the recommendations of the Committee on the Elimination of Discrimination against Women (Lithuania);

A - 128.139 Take concrete measures to protect child victims of sexual exploitation and prostitution (Maldives);

A - 128.140 Abandon the practice of corporal punishment of children and encourage non-violent forms of discipline (Poland);

N - 128.141 Consider raising the age of criminal responsibility from 12 to 14 years, even for the most serious crimes (Republic of Korea);
A - 128.142 Enact laws and legislation aiming at combating human trafficking (Lebanon);
A - 128.143 Ensure the prosecution and punishment of perpetrators of human trafficking, and provide adequate assistance and protection services to victims (Turkey);
A - 128.144 Continue its efforts in order to strengthen the protection of victims of trafficking (Azerbaijan);
A - 128.145 Take steps to reduce and prevent trafficking and provide adequate incentives and protection to victims (Bulgaria);
A - 128.146 Take additional measures to combat trafficking in human beings (France);
A - 128.147 Intensify efforts to effectively prevent trafficking in women and girls and strengthen measures for the rehabilitation and social integration of victims of trafficking (Georgia);
A - 128.148 Take measures to ensure the effective investigation and prosecution of human trafficking cases and establish remedy procedures for the victims (Greece);
A - 128.149 Strengthen mechanisms to prevent the trafficking in boys and girls and provide the support needed for victims of trafficking to be reintegrated into society (Mexico);
A - 128.150 Take concrete measures to ensure the independence of the Constitutional Court and the protection of human rights and fundamental freedoms, and that political pressure is not being applied to judicial decision-making (Sweden);
N - 128.151 Implement reforms on judicial independence and rule of law recommended by the International Bar Association Human Rights Institute in 2015 (United States of America);
A - 128.152 Continue to pursue implementation of the Basic Principles on the Independence of the Judiciary and repeal all provisions of national law that restrict the Constitutional Court’s jurisdiction (Australia);
A - 128.153 Take necessary measures for strengthening its specialized juvenile justice system in compliance with the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Republic of Moldova);
A - 128.154 Continue efforts for the reintegration of former child offenders in the society (Republic of Moldova);
A - 128.155 Remedy the shortcomings in the media law as expressed by the Venice Commission (Sweden);
N - 128.156 Revise transparency laws to reinstate a freedom of information parliamentary ombudsman, and ex ante reclaiming of labour costs for processing information requests, and limit public institutions’ authority to refuse access to public data (United States of America);
A - 128.157 Take concrete steps to promote pluralism of the media and their independent work, including the exercise of their watchdog function (Czech Republic);
A - 128.158 Take the necessary measures to promote media pluralism and fight threats against freedom of the press and freedom of expression (France);
A - 128.159 Take appropriate measures to further relax restrictions on the freedom of the media (Japan);

A - 128.160 Amend the media law in line with previous recommendations to ensure that all media laws are in line with the right to freedom of opinion and expression (Netherlands);

A - 128.161 Give full consideration to the recommendations of the Special Rapporteur on the Situation of human rights defenders (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);

A - 128.162 Take measures allowing the exercise of the lawful activities of human rights defenders, in a favourable legal and administrative environment (Colombia);

A - 128.163 Implement recommendations made by Special Rapporteur on freedom of peaceful assembly and association regarding governmental oversight and regulations of non-governmental organizations (Germany);

A - 128.164 Review and abolish all legal provisions that restrict the rights of human rights defenders promoting the rights of the Roma community (Iceland);

A - 128.165 Ensure the prompt and independent investigation of all alleged violations against human rights defenders (Ireland);

A - 128.166 Positively consider and implement the recommendations presented by the Special Rapporteur on human rights defenders (Libya);

A - 128.167 Remove all administrative and legislative provisions that restrict the rights the Human Rights Defenders and ensure that civil society organizations can operate freely and without discrimination or undue restriction (Norway);

A - 128.168 Take steps to ensure that civil society organizations freely can access and utilize funding, including from foreign sources (Norway);

A - 128.169 Maintain its commitment to the realization of the right to work for all including through technical and vocational training for young people (Egypt);

A - 128.170 Provide greater support for poor families and children and reduce social inequality (China);

A - 128.171 Take further steps to ensure better labour market access and access to basic social and health services for marginalized women, including women with disabilities, Roma women and migrant women (Republic of Korea);

A - 128.172 Continue to enhance access to sexual and reproductive health services for women, in particular women with disabilities, women with low income, women with HIV/AIDS, and women living in the rural areas (Thailand);

A - 128.173 Effectively implement ongoing national policy to guarantee quality education for minority (Lao People's Democratic Republic);

A - 128.174 Ensure that the standards of education in national minorities' languages as well as teaching of minorities languages are the same as the general standards of education in the country (Romania);
A - 128.175 Ensure that the implementation of objectives set up in the 2014 National Strategy on Public Education are in line with the objectives and goals of the Sustainable Development Goals (United Arab Emirates);

A - 128.176 Ensure the inclusion of human rights and especially children’s rights in the public education system, raising awareness about human rights in general (Greece);

A - 128.177 Strengthen efforts to provide access to education, labour market and public life for persons with disabilities (Holy See);

A - 128.178 Continue the path regarding positive results achieved in ensuring the rights and equal opportunities of persons with disabilities by, inter alia, allocating sufficient resources for the development of an inclusive education system for children with disabilities and providing sufficient and adequate support services in local communities to enable persons with disabilities to live independently (State of Palestine);

A - 128.179 Review all relevant legislations, including the State’s new Fundamental Law to ensure that all persons with disabilities have a right to vote, and that they can participate in political and public life on an equal basis with others (Lithuania);

A - 128.180 Review legislations to ensure that all persons with disabilities have a right to vote, and that they can participate in political and public life (Maldives);

A - 128.181 Consolidate programmes to ensure a system of inclusive education for children with disabilities throughout the country (Mexico);

A - 128.182 Take further measures to improve access of persons with disabilities to social, economic and cultural life and combat discrimination on the grounds of disability (Poland);

A - 128.183 Adopt measures in order for any health decision to depend upon the free and informed consent of the concerned disabled person (Spain);

A - 128.184 Take all steps necessary to ensure that the right to seek asylum is guaranteed for asylum seekers coming to Hungary and that the principle of non-refoulement is respected (Sweden);

A - 128.185 Decriminalize the access to its territory for persons wishing to file a request for asylum, and process the asylum applications individually and in a non-discriminatory fashion, in compliance with its international obligations (Switzerland);

A - 128.186 Ensure that migrant and asylum-seeking women receive adequate assistance (Timor-Leste);

N - 128.187 Eliminate detention in penitentiary establishments of asylum seekers and refugees (Uruguay);

A - 128.188 Advance in measures of assistance and promotion of the rights of migrants, refugees and asylum seekers, in compliance with current international standards (Argentina);

A - 128.189 Reform its legislation to ensure full respect of the principle of non-refoulement (Brazil);

128.190
A - Ensure that its legal framework and actions concerning asylum seekers, refugees, and migrants comply with Hungary’s international human rights obligations, including with regard to procedural safeguards.

N - This includes repealing those amendments to Hungary’s Asylum Law, Law on Criminal Procedure and Criminal Code that are inconsistent with its international human rights obligations (Canada);

A - 128.191 Seek alternatives to detaining asylum seekers and migrants, particularly children. Take immediate and effective measures to ensure that conditions of detention are fully consistent with UN Standard Minimum Rules for the Treatment of Prisoners (Canada);

A - 128.192 Develop actions that improve the living conditions of asylum seekers and prevent discrimination on the grounds of nationality or country of origin (Chile);

A - 128.193 Continue to improve the living conditions of migrants, refugees and asylum seekers (China);

A - 128.194 Ensure the inclusion of a human rights approach in the measures to address the migrant situation, taking into particular account the situation of vulnerable population (Colombia);

A - 128.195 Apply a dignified and human treatment that respects the universal principles of human rights for people in situation of human mobility, whether migrants or refugees, with special emphasis on strengthening and implementing policies to address trafficking of persons from a holistic approach, particularly regarding women, children and other vulnerable groups, as well as to combat all forms of discrimination, with measures including complaint and denunciation mechanisms for victims that enable them to achieve reparations. (Ecuador);

A - 128.196 Ensure that all issues related to migration, asylum seeking and border management are addressed in accordance with respective obligations under applicable international law (Egypt);

A - 128.197 Fully respect its obligations under international law by guaranteeing the right to seek asylum through an individual, effective process without discrimination (Finland);

A - 128.198 Improve the capacity to guarantee every person the possibility to request international protection in a legal way, and create conditions for the medical and psychological treatment of asylum seekers, especially those who were victims of torture and violence (Germany);

A - 128.199 Fully implement international Conventions and standards for the protection of refugees and asylum seekers (Greece);

N - 128.200 Actively participate in the refugee resettlement/humanitarian admission process directly from Turkey to the European Union, as this is actually the only way to save lives and crack down criminal networks of smugglers (Greece);

A - 128.201 Take immediate action to improve national asylum system, including by elaborating a national action plan, to avoid continuation of harsh conditions of detention and treatment of asylum seekers and refugees (Greece);

A - 128.202 Ensure the prompt and impartial investigation of any excessive use of force in policing the border operations, including by the military (Greece);

A - 128.203 Work together with the other European States to improve the conditions and treatment given to asylum seekers and refugees (Guatemala);
A - 128.204 Make every effort to pay due attention to the human rights of asylum seekers and to avoid using disproportionate force on migrants and refugees (Holy See);

A - 128.205 Redouble efforts in order to guarantee the respect of the human rights of migrants, including persons under irregular situation (Honduras);

A - 128.206 Implement with no exception the principle of non-refoulement in the context of asylum seeking procedures (Honduras);

N - 128.207 Repeal the amendments to the Criminal Code that criminalizes “illegal entry” and introduces “transit zones” at the border and a list of “safe countries” (Iceland);

A - 128.208 Comply with the principle of non-refoulement (Iceland);

A - 128.209 Take measures to work towards improving the living conditions for refugees and asylum seekers (India);

A - 128.210 Strengthen efforts in addressing issues of irregular migrants in the country in line with international human rights law obligations (Indonesia);

A - 128.211 Improve the living conditions of asylum seekers and step up efforts directed towards improving the treatment of asylum seekers and refugees (Iran (Islamic Republic of));

A - 128.212 Take all the necessary steps to address the placing of asylum-seeking and migrant children in detention, including by repealing relevant legislation allowing for the detention of families accompanied by children (Ireland);

A - 128.213 Review legislation on the rights of migrants and asylum seekers in accordance with Hungary’s obligations under international and European Law and to better apply existing internal rules, namely those related to the handling of unaccompanied children (Italy);

A - 128.214 Make efforts to ensure transparency and consideration for human rights, in particular those of women and children, in its treatment of migrants and refugees (Japan);

A - 128.215 Ensure that enforcement authorities comply with international human rights obligations in the treatment of migrants and asylum seekers, and expedite the judicial process to avoid prolonged detention of migrants and asylum seekers (Malaysia);

A - 128.216 Continue the efforts to improve the treatment of migrants and asylum seekers (Morocco);

A - 128.217 Take steps to ensure that detention of asylum-seekers is used only in exceptional cases, the procedure for detention is transparent and comprehensible, and that detainees have access to effective legal remedy (Norway);

A - 128.218 Continue to fulfill its international human rights obligations regarding asylum seekers, refugees and migrants (Pakistan);

A - 128.219 Strengthen its efforts to improve the detention conditions of migrants and asylum seekers, including by refraining from excessive use of force, ill-treatment, and prolongation of detention periods; and also to adopt a comprehensive integration strategy for their early stage integration (Republic of Korea);
N - 128.220 Revise the national list of safe countries in order to avoid the high number of unadmitted requests that have been pointed out by the Helsinki Committee of Hungary (Spain);

A - 128.221 Increase level of ODA (Bangladesh).

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