

Recommendations & Pledges

GERMANY

Second Review Session 16

Review in the Working Group: 25 April 2013
Adoption in the Plenary: 19 September 2013

Germany's responses to recommendations (as of 20.12.2013):

In the Report of the Working Group:	In the Addendum:	During the plenary:	Summary:
No response, all pending	168 recs were accepted in full, 3 were accepted in part, and 31 rejected. 1 rec was both accepted and rejected and therefore considered as no clear position ¹ .	The delegation rectified a mistake contained in the addendum. Rec n°124.119 is accepted.	Accepted: 172 Rejected: 31 No clear position: 0 Pending: 0 Total: 203

Paragraph headers are as in the Report of the Working Group, but the nature of responses to recommendations may have subsequently been changed.

List of recommendations contained in Section II of the Report of the Working Group A/HRC/24/9:

124. Responses to the following recommendations will be provided by Germany in due time, but no later than the 24th session of the Human Rights Council in September 2013:

R - 124.1. Consider ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and members of their families (Morocco);

¹ The total number of recommendations is now 203 as three recommendations were split into two.

R - 124.2. Study the possibility of ratification of the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Paraguay);

R - 124.3. Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families (Guatemala);

R - 124.4. Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Cuba);

R - 124.5. Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Egypt);

R - 124.6. Continue to take steps towards ratifying the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Member of Their Families (Philippines);

R - 124.7. Ratify the International Convention on the Rights of Migrant Workers and Members of their Families, to supplement the rights of this vulnerable category (Algeria);

R - 124.8. Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Sri Lanka);

R - 124.9. Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Trinidad and Tobago);

R - 124.10. Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Indonesia);

124.11. Ratify

R - The International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of their Families and

A - The Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Ecuador);

124.12. Ratify

R - The International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families;

A - The Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and Protocol 12 of the European Convention on Human Rights (Sierra Leone);

A - 124.13. Sign and ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and ratify the Council of Europe Convention on preventing and combating violence against women and domestic violence (Portugal);

A - 124.14. Withdraw all reservations to human rights instruments to which Germany is a party,
R - first of all, to the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights (Russian Federation);

R - 124.15. Ratify the UN Convention against Corruption and the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Rwanda);

R - 124.16. Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Belarus);

R - 124.17. Ratify the International Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Congo);

A - 124.18. Proceed to the ratification of the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Spain);

A - 124.19. Expedite the process of signing and ratifying the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Uruguay);

A - 124.20. Sign and ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (Bosnia and Herzegovina);

A - 124.21. Sign and ratify the Optional Protocol to the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights (France);

A - 124.22. Ratify the United Nations Convention against Corruption (Austria);

A - 124.23. Ratify the United Nations Convention against Corruption (Kazakhstan);

A - 124.24. Ratify the Council of Europe Convention on the Protection of Children against Sexual Exploitation and Sexual Abuse (Liechtenstein);

R - 124.25. Amend the Federal Anti-Discrimination Law to explicitly provide protection against discrimination in public schooling and to establish independent body to deal with the complaints received in this regard (Egypt);

A - 124.26. Consider ratifying UNESCO's Convention for the Safeguarding of Intangible Cultural Heritage adopted in 2003 (Bulgaria);

A - 124.27. Include specific provisions adequately criminalizing acts of torture in the German Code of Crimes against Criminal Law (CCAIL) as required by CAT (Maldives);

A - 124.28. Bring legislation and law enforcement practice on migrants and asylum-seekers in conformity with human rights international norms and standards (Russian Federation);

A - 124.29. Review the General Equal Treatment Act of 2006 to ensure that it covers all fields of the labour market and to ensure that women are not discriminated against in some professions, and setting up of concrete goals to be achieved in its implementation (Sierra Leone);

A - 124.30. Accelerate the ratification of the United Nations Convention against Corruption, by speeding up the necessary reforms of the Criminal Code to make it compatible with this Convention (Spain);

A - 124.31. Remove the obligation of healthcare public servants to inform the Office of Immigration about the identity of their patients, as set forth in section 87, paragraph 2 of the Residence Act (Spain);

A - 124.32. Bring its legislation in compliance with the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Togo);

A - 124.33. Adopt a law expressly providing that racist motivation should be considered as an aggravating circumstance with a view to condemning the authors of such infractions (Tunisia);

A - 124.34. Adjust its internal legislation to the standards of the International Convention for the Protection of All Persons from Enforced Disappearance, including the obligation to define the offence of enforced disappearance (Uruguay);

A - 124.35. Revise its current legislation regarding distribution of property upon divorce in order to correct their inconsistencies with the CEDAW Convention, and in particular the law on alimony so as to take into accounts the situation of divorced women with children (Uruguay);

A - 124.36. Ensure that Germany's law and policies are consistent with CEDAW and ICERD by revising or revoking laws and regulations that hinder access to equal opportunities (Bahrain);

A - 124.37. Bring its domestic legislation in line with international standards on the sexual exploitation of children and establish a clear definition of child pornography (Costa Rica);

A - 124.38. Harmonize the immigration legislation in accordance with the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Estonia);

R - 124.39. Consider withdrawing legislation that prohibits the wearing of religious symbols (Bangladesh);

R - 124.40. Review the existing legislation that prohibited the wearing of religious symbols by public school teachers (Jordan);

A - 124.41. Pass a law with an explicit provision that racist motivation should be taken into account as a specific aggravating circumstance for the purpose of sentencing in relevant crimes (Iran (Islamic Republic of));

A - 124.42. Align its national legislation with international human rights standards (Iraq);

A - 124.43. Ensure full implementation of its obligations under the Optional Protocol against Torture by equipping its National Preventive Mechanism (NPM) with sufficient resources to fulfil its role (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);

R - 124.44. Study the option of extending the competencies of the German Institute for Human Rights to receive complaints (Bulgaria);

A - 124.45. Extend the mandate of the Federal Anti-Discrimination Agency with adequate resources, as part of strengthening the anti-discrimination structures (Finland);

R - 124.46. Expand the mandate of the German Institute for Human Rights to receiving complaints of human rights violations (India);

A - 124.47. Continue with its international cooperation through its assistance in capacity building for human rights protection in different parts of the world (Montenegro);

A - 124.48. Take concrete measures to deliver on its international development commitments (Nepal);

A - 124.49. Secure proper follow-up to the accepted recommendation from the first UPR cycle and introduce tools that will improve the effective judicial control over the administrative decisions of the Office of Youth called Jugendamt (Poland);

A - 124.50. Operationalize the “human rights action plan” that was issued by “Federal Government in October 2012” which includes many issues, among them, the commitment to protect the right to freedom of religion and belief, and measures to combat religious bias and discrimination based on religion and belief (Saudi Arabia);

A - 124.51. Continue to fervently implement the “Human Rights Action Plan” (Cyprus);

A - 124.52. Further secure the full implementation of the National Action Plan against Racism (Kazakhstan);

A - 124.53. Continue efforts to increase its Official Development Assistance to developing countries, which now stands at 0.4 per-cent of GNI as compared to the agreed 0.7, to assist them to provide for the basic economic, social and cultural rights of their populations (Sierra Leone);

A - 124.54. Strengthen its efforts to achieve a level of ODA up to 0.7% of GNI (Bangladesh);

R - 124.55. Recognize the possibility of dual citizenship, a possibility which is already offered to people from more than 50 countries, to Turks legally residing in Germany, instead of forcing them to choose between their two nationalities (Turkey);

A - 124.56. Work closely with Turkey regarding the situation of the Turkish community in Germany (Turkey);

A - 124.57. Continue the efforts in strengthening the programme and policy of social inclusion and cohesion of all citizens, in particular with respect to the protection of the rights and legitimate interests of the vulnerable and minority groups (Cambodia);

A - 124.58. Continue enhancing and promoting human rights through expanding and broadening human rights education and awareness-raising programmes in the country (Armenia);

A - 124.59. Continue to develop comprehensive human rights training and education programmes for various sectors of society, including assessment measures (Chile);

A - 124.60. Adopt measures to recognize in practice the indivisibility, equality, interdependence and universality of all human rights so that legislation and judicial practice adequately ensures the enjoyment of economic, social and cultural rights and not just civil and political rights (Ecuador);

A - 124.61. Continue policies aimed at intensifying the fight against all forms of corruption (Kazakhstan);

A - 124.62. Continue to work in the field of human rights worldwide (Chad);

A - 124.63. Invite the Special Rapporteur on the human rights of migrants, the Special Rapporteur on torture, the Special Rapporteur on human trafficking, and the Special Rapporteur on the sale of children, child prostitution and child pornography (Belarus);

A - 124.64. Take all necessary measures to submit a report for the eighth consultation on the measures taken to implement the Convention against Discrimination in Education (Iran (Islamic Republic of));

A - 124.65. Develop a comprehensive strategy to combat all forms of discrimination (Algeria);

A - 124.66. Intensify its raising awareness actions and take necessary measures to ensure that the most exposed persons to discrimination are aware of existing remedies and procedures (Togo);

A - 124.67. Strengthen its social integration policy and take vigorous measures to combat all discriminatory practices proven in the territory (Cote d'Ivoire);

A - 124.68. Pursue initiatives at increasing public awareness of the existence and purpose of the German General Equal Treatment Act (2006), particularly among potential victims of gender discrimination (Maldives);

A - 124.69. Intensify measures to raise public awareness of the General Equal Treatment Act (Ireland);

A - 124.70. Raise awareness among potential victims of racism and discrimination on the existence and scope of the General Equal Treatment Act (AGG) and of the mechanisms for invoking their rights before the courts (Austria);

A - 124.71. Take measures to further improve the situation of gender equality (Norway);

A - 124.72. Establish concrete goals to accelerate the achievement of substantive equality between women and men and ensure effective elimination of discrimination against women (Republic of Moldova);

A - 124.73. Further eliminate stereotypical attitudes about the roles and responsibilities of women and men (Republic of Moldova);

A - 124.74. Intensify the promotion of gender equality and encourage the presence of women in high-level positions (Djibouti);

A - 124.75. Continue its efforts in combatting discrimination of women, particularly in its public policies for immigrant women and refugee women as well as those belonging to minorities, which CEDAW pointed out may be subject to multiple forms of discrimination in respect of education, health, employment and social and political participation (Paraguay);

A - 124.76. Remain on course as regards the fight against xenophobia and racism, inter alia, by providing appropriate education to people about the dangers of extremist and racist ideology, and by working to prevent radicalization of individuals drifting towards extremist groups (Cyprus);

A - 124.77. Develop a comprehensive strategy to combat racial discrimination from a broader perspective, not limited to right wing ideologies, and that takes into account indirect, structural and institutional discrimination. Prohibit policies of ethnic discriminatory profiling by the police (Ecuador);

A - 124.78. Continue efforts aimed at combating racism, racial discrimination and xenophobia through measures that would lead to harmony (Saudi Arabia);

A - 124.79. Step up the efforts contributing to combating discrimination and hate crimes, including by penalizing and introducing a ban on forms of speech that constitute religious and racial hatred, especially in the context of campaigning for elections (Egypt);

A - 124.80. Enhance the scope and effectiveness of measures to combat and prevent racism so as to effectively guarantee all rights of migrants and minorities (China);

A - 124.81. Continue the efforts in the fight against racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and related forms of intolerance, including mild and underlying forms of racism (Brazil);

A - 124.82. Continue its efforts in fighting racism, including by strengthening institutional capacities to systematically document and investigate racially motivated crimes (Canada);

A - 124.83. Adopt further legal and practical measures to counter race-based hatred and crime, support social integration and harmony and provide equal opportunities for minority groups and migrants so as to ensure their dignity, decent work, education, health care and social welfare (Viet Nam);

A - 124.84. Strengthen the fight against racially motivated violence and crimes (China);

A - 124.85. Take effective measures to prohibit any manifestations of discrimination and racism (Uzbekistan);

A - 124.86. Take all necessary measures to prevent the reappearance of Nazism in order to eradicate the root cause of all racially motivated criminal acts (Democratic People's Republic of Korea);

A - 124.87. Fight racial discrimination by adopting a comprehensive strategy that includes indirect structural and institutional discrimination (Djibouti);

A - 124.88. Take effective measures to prevent the dissemination of racist and xenophobic speeches on the Internet and through the media (China);

A - 124.89. Strengthen measures against acts of racism and discrimination experienced in recent years on German soil (Congo);

A - 124.90. Put in place a comprehensive strategy for dealing with issues of racism and racial discrimination (Botswana);

A - 124.91. Extend the notion of racism to bring it in line with the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination (Gabon);

A - 124.92. Take all necessary measures to prevent xenophobic activities of farright groups and to combat prejudices and negative stereotyping, in the context of eliminating all kinds of discrimination against the immigrants (Turkey);

A - 124.93. Reinforce measures to combat xenophobia and other related crimes (Angola);

A - 124.94. Continue undertaking measures to increase the effectiveness of its legislation and to investigate all allegations of racially motivated violations of human rights for bringing those responsible to account (Ukraine);

A - 124.95. Strengthen its efforts to prevent racism and related phenomena (Senegal);

A - 124.96. Continue efforts to address racism, discrimination and xenophobia (Trinidad and Tobago);

A - 124.97. Intensify its efforts in combating discrimination and intolerance , particularly against Muslims, immigrants and persons of African descent and urges high State officials and politicians to take a clear position against racist or xenophobic hate speech (Tunisia);

A - 124.98. Strengthen all necessary measures to effectively prohibit and prevent incitement to hatred and racist propaganda, particularly on the Internet, including by ensuring awareness of the problem at the federal and Länder levels (Uruguay);

A - 124.99. Take effective legal measures to prevent and combat the dissemination of racist, xenophobic and Islamophobic propaganda, particularly in the press and on the internet (Iran (Islamic Republic of));

A - 124.100. Continue to take measures to prevent and combat racially motivated crimes as well as hate crimes (Nigeria);

A - 124.101. Further prioritize the protection of the victims from such racially motivated offences and ensure criminalization of incitement to racial hatred and effective sanctions for these crimes (South Africa);

A - 124.102. Investigate allegations of racially motivated incidents against members of minority groups and take punitive and remedial action (Sierra Leone);

A - 124.103. Step up its efforts to counter manifestations of racism, xenophobia, racial and religious intolerance (Russian Federation);

A - 124.104. Pay attention to the enforcement of laws against racial discrimination in the labour market, the development of a comprehensive anti-discrimination legislation and adoption of a comprehensive policy to ensure effective implementation of the principles of equality and non-discrimination in respect of all (Kyrgyzstan);

A - 124.105. Step up its efforts to prohibit and prevent hate speech and racist propaganda including on the internet and to increase public awareness on this issue (Malaysia);

A - 124.106. Continue efforts to safeguard the rights of all segments of society, including foreigners by addressing all forms of hatred and discrimination (Nepal);

A - 124.107. Further strengthen its overall law enforcement to effectively combat all forms of race-related crimes and hate speech as well as to raise public awareness in this field (Republic of Korea);

A - 124.108. Continue to combat all forms of discrimination and racism in sports (Namibia);

R - 124.109. Continue the efforts to combat all forms of racial discrimination in particular religious or ethnic discrimination by ensuring penalties that have a deterrent effect and abolishing discriminatory laws that prohibit Muslim women from wearing veils which is viewed as a way of life that should be respected and considered (Kuwait);

A - 124.110. Put an end to the use of discriminatory ethnic profiling by inserting the necessary legal safeguards against the abuse and deliberate targeting of certain ethnic and religious groups (Malaysia);

A - 124.111. Legally ban discriminatory ethnic profiling (India);

A - 124.112. Continue taking efficient measures against religion-based discriminatory practices in terms of access to the labour market and social integration (Kazakhstan);

A - 124.113. Continue the efforts made to combat discriminatory practices based on age or religion, and undertake corresponding investigations of acts of domestic violence for social motivations (Argentina);

A - 124.114. Take necessary measures to eradicate the trend and/or the dissemination, through the media and by public officials, of stereotypes that might encourage discrimination against migrants, especially migrant women (Argentina);

A - 124.115. Give consideration to what further action is required to promote greater integration of migrant communities and counteract racial discrimination and racially-motivated violence (Australia);

A - 124.116. Continue and intensify the efforts to eliminate discrimination against migrants and their children and to guarantee their equal opportunities in education and access to work (Djibouti);

A - 124.117. Increase efforts to prevent and punish perpetrators of racially motivated acts of violence against members of the Roma/Sinti, Muslim, Jewish Communities, as well as German nationals of foreign origin (Bahrain);¹

A - 124.118. Take necessary measures to avoid the stigmatization of migrants and minorities, and to ensure that they are not subject to any practice of racism, racial discrimination, xenophobia and other forms of related intolerance (Cuba);

A - 124.119. Take effective legal measures to eliminate all forms of discrimination and violence against women and children, in particular those who belong to ethnic and religious minorities including Muslims who still face multiple forms of discrimination with respect to education, health, employment and social and political participation (Iran (Islamic Republic of));

A - 124.120. Adopt immediate and positive measures to combat all forms of discrimination, xenophobia and related intolerance against the Sinti and Roma communities, regarding their access to housing, education, employment and healthcare (Bahrain);

A - 124.121. Continue its efforts and continue to take initiatives against hate crimes based on sexual orientation or gender identity. Such advances can be achieved by implementing anti-discrimination laws and strengthening financial resources of investigation authorities and the autonomy of the Federal Agency against discrimination (Netherlands);

A - 124.122. Continue its important efforts to combat hate crime based on sexual orientation (Norway);

A - 124.123. Protect the right to life from the conception to natural death (Holy See);

A - 124.124. Commission a study on the insufficiencies in the implementation of the mandate of the National Mechanism on Torture Prevention due to the limitations of financial and human resources, and inform the Parliament at its next discussion of the annual report of the Mechanism (Switzerland);

A - 124.125. Address the concerns and, as necessary, implement recommendations of Treaty Bodies and United Nations agencies by taking any necessary steps to ensure that no individual is exposed to the dangers of torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment when extradited or deported (Ireland);

A - 124.126. Immediately, thoroughly and un-biasedly investigate all cases of allegations of abuses of authority by law enforcement officials, including while dispersing demonstrations (Russian Federation);

R - 124.127. Have an independent body to promptly and thoroughly investigate all allegations of torture and ill-treatment by the police (Botswana);

R - 124.128. Establish an independent police complaint mechanism to ensure the prompt, impartial, independent and efficient investigation of cases of alleged ill-treatment or excessive use of force by the police (Hungary);

A - 124.129. Undertake all necessary measures to prevent unlawful treatment by law enforcement bodies, in particular against foreigners and German citizens of foreign origin (Uzbekistan);

R - 124.130. Continue to strengthen its efforts against the excessive use of force by law enforcement agents, especially by taking measures allowing the identification of officials, establishing procedures to ensure the independence of investigations, as well as by improving data collection and information (Netherlands);

A - 124.131. Enhance its efforts to prevent racially motivated acts of violence against Muslims and other minorities and to punish the perpetrators of such crimes (Malaysia);

A - 124.132. Adopt all necessary measures to deal with the situation of street children (Nicaragua);

A - 124.133. Take further steps in fighting against domestic violence, including by raising public awareness (Estonia);

R - 124.134. Assess the possibility of making domestic violence an independent crime, and redouble efforts to ensure the effective implementation of the 2007 Action Plan against Violence (Peru);

A - 124.135. Intensify the implementation of the Second Plan of Action combating violence against women, in particular for women in a vulnerable situation (Chile);

R - 124.136. Criminalize domestic violence as a distinct criminal offence and ensure the effective implementation of the action plan on violence (Republic of Moldova);

A - 124.137. Increase the protection of women against violence particularly those of immigrant background, by, inter alia, strengthening their access to counselling and support services nationwide (Slovakia);

A - 124.138. Take appropriate measures to ensure equal protection for all victims of human trafficking for sexual exploitation under the age of eighteen years (Liechtenstein);

A - 124.139. Intensify further efforts to prevent and combat human trafficking and to protect its victims (Cambodia);

A - 124.140. Continue its efforts against human trafficking (Costa Rica);

A - 124.141. Safeguard the rights of victims of human trafficking consistent with its human rights obligations (India);

A - 124.142. Take comprehensive measures to combat paedophilia and the rise in child prostitution (Belarus);

A - 124.143. Ensure that the trial regarding National Socialist Underground network are easily observed and that all allegations about National Socialist Underground network are investigated (Turkey);

A - 124.144. Avoid the practice of preventive detention or use such type of detention as a measure of last resort (Hungary);

A - 124.145. Introduce independent and effective legal and professional supervision of the Youth Office (Jugendamt) and ensure that the Jugendamt decisions be in conformity with binding international norms, including the rulings of the European Court of Human Rights (Turkey);

A - 124.146. Respect its commitments to an effective judicial review of the administrative decisions of the Office of Youth (Jugendamt) (Congo);

A - 124.147. Continue its efforts in the field of human trafficking and most importantly facilitate access to justice for the victims (Greece);

A - 124.148. Ensure that perpetrators of violence, including against non-ethnic Germans, are identified and prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law (United States of America);

A - 124.149. Enhance efforts to promote the presentation of women at all levels (Greece);

R - 124.150. Fully protect the freedom of religion and belief by allowing the conscientious objection clause in all fields (Holy See);

A - 124.151. Be more proactive in promoting and protecting freedom of religion and belief, including in preventing hate speech, racist propaganda and ethnic profiling (Indonesia);

A - 124.152. Put an end to the violations of the rights to peaceful assembly and freedom of expression, torture and other ill-treatment (Democratic People's Republic of Korea);

A - 124.153. Take actions to avoid labour discrimination based on age, particularly against young people and the elderly, as well as promote actions to reduce prejudices based on the life cycle (Mexico);

A - 124.154. Take necessary measures to enforce anti-racist laws in the labour market (Pakistan);

A - 124.155. Continue addressing gender inequalities in the labour market, in particular with a view to accelerating women's representation in high ranking, decision making posts (Slovakia);

A - 124.156. Establish concrete goals to accelerate the achievement of substantive gender equality, including measures to increase women's representation in decision making positions and addressing the long-standing pay gap between women and men (India);

A - 124.157. Take further measures to promote equal representation of men and women in decision-making positions (State of Palestine);

A - 124.158. Take further measures to provide women and men with equal opportunities in the labour market for example by improving the availability, affordability and quality of childcare (Finland);

A - 124.159. Increase public awareness about equal career opportunities and undertake measures to increase the availability of childcare facilities that will enable women to fully participate in the labour market (Slovenia);

A - 124.160. Adopt proactive measures to promote equal gender representation in decision-making positions, and implement non-discriminatory policies to ensure equal pay for women (Bahrain);

A - 124.161. Strengthen measures to bridge the wage gap between women and men, including in the private sector (Sri Lanka);

A - 124.162. Concretize equal pay of women and men as soon as possible (Burundi);

A - 124.163. Prioritize measures to minimize and end pay differentials between men and women (Trinidad and Tobago);

A - 124.164. Enhance both federal and regional measures to promote equal pay for equal work and to facilitate women's return to their career paths after childbirth (Sweden);

A - 124.165. Provide, in accordance with its obligation under international human rights law instruments, effective protection for the family as the fundamental and natural unit of society (Egypt);

A - 124.166. Continue to promote the right to access to water (Bangladesh);

A - 24.167. Redouble efforts to ensure that girls and boys have an education with equal opportunities in terms of professional career, as well as to eliminate the difference in the remuneration of men and women (Peru);

A - 124.168. Fully respect the choices of parents concerning the education of their children in accordance with arts. 14 and 18 of the Convention on the Rights of the Child (Holy See);

A - 124.169. Federal and State Governments, in consultation with civil society, broaden and intensify existing human rights training in schools as well as the routine training of police, security, prison and health personnel, and set up a monitoring and evaluation mechanism to assess progress (United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland);

A - 124.170. Continue to adopt the necessary measures for the school enrolment of migrants' children to be mandatory in all federal states in accordance with national legislation and local commitments (Chile);

A - 124.171. Include the promotion of multiculturalism in education curricula, including by sensitizing teachers to work in a multicultural environment (Indonesia);

R - 124.172. Take steps to stop prohibition on wearing of religious symbols including the headscarf (Pakistan);

A - 124.173. Continue its efforts to lower unemployment rate of persons with disabilities (Peru);

A - 124.174. Further strengthen its compliance with the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities, by implementing the concept of reasonable accommodation recognized in Article 2, as well as paying a special attention to the needs of girls and women with disabilities (Spain);

A - 124.175. Extend legal requirements of barrier-free access for persons with disabilities to private entities that provide goods and services to the public (United States of America);

A - 124.176. Ensure nationwide access to barrier-free protection and support facilities for women with disabilities affected by violence (Austria);

A - 124.177. Provide effective protection and complaint mechanisms to persons with disabilities living in specialized centres (Austria);

A - 124.178. Continue its programmes for improving the social inclusion of children and youth with disabilities (Ecuador);

A - 124.179. Further promote pursued policies and programmes with regard to the social integration of the Roma and Sinti communities, by promoting their further access to education, the labour market, housing and health care services (Slovakia);

A - 124.180. Ensure equal access to employment, housing and education to ethnic minorities, especially women (Namibia);

A - 124.181. Take steps to integrate minority communities in Germany by promoting their access to education, housing, employment and health care (India);

A - 124.182. Continue its efforts regarding the integration of the Muslim population in Germany, while at the same time ensuring the enjoyment of their human rights, including the right to religion (Jordan);

A - 124.183. Continue to work on protecting the rights of migrants, especially the children of migrants (Nigeria);

A - 124.184. Continue improving the protection of human rights of migrants in the health, legal, social, education, economic and labour fields (Holy See);

R - 124.185. Adhere to the Convention on the Protection of the Rights of All Migrant Workers and Members of Their Families (Honduras);

A - 124.186. Do not criminalize undocumented migration and reduce administrative detention to a minimum (Mexico);

A - 124.187. Reconsider its decision to continue imposing criminal sanctions against irregular migration (Philippines);

A - 124.188. Continue to ensure that no individuals are exposed to the danger of torture or cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment when extraditing or deporting illegal migrants (Namibia);

A - 124.189. Continue their efforts to eliminate stereotypical attitudes about migrants and to increase measures to protect them (State of Palestine);

A - 124.190. Continue its efforts to promote equal opportunities of those with migrant background and for their participation in the social, economic and cultural life in Germany (Saudi Arabia);

A - 124.191. Continue protecting and promoting the rights of migrants (Senegal);

A - 124.192. Continue its efforts to change the perception of the general public and government officials, vis-à-vis minorities (Thailand);

A - 124.193. Take further steps to encourage migrant children in all federal states to strive for higher education or to complete professional training after leaving school (Thailand);

A - 124.194. Ensure the protection of migrants, refugees and their families in accordance with international standards (Belarus);

A - 124.195. Adopt safeguards to ensure that asylum seekers are not returned to countries where they will face persecution (Sierra Leone);

A - 124.196. Take into consideration the full spectrum of international refugee and human rights law and standards when considering issues related to asylum seekers (Brazil);

A - 124.197. Pay particular attention to refugees especially during placement and the detention of asylum seekers and ensure that account is taken of the principle of the best interests of the rights of the child in any decision relating to asylum seeking minors (France);

A - 124.198. Ensure that the laws of the high level regulating the fight against terrorism are consistent with international standards of human rights protection (Mexico);

A - 124.199. Ensure that its counter-terrorism efforts are in compliance with international human rights obligations (Pakistan);

A - 124.200. Adopt effective measures to protect human rights in executing counter-terrorism policy (Democratic People's Republic of Korea).

Endotes

The recommendation made during the interactive dialogue was “Increase efforts to prevent and punish perpetrators of racially motivated acts of violence against members of the minority groups”.

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