the Kingdom of Bahrain in late 2007 was the very first country to undergo the Universal Periodic Review (UPR) of the UN Human Rights Council (HRC) which took place on April 7, 2008 as well as the kingdom has sought to cooperate with the Council in efforts to establish a credible and effective mechanism for international dialogue and cooperation on human rights, helping member states meet their human rights obligations through dialogue, capacity building and technical assistance.

In the second cycle of the UPR in 2012, Bahrain accepted almost all of the recommendations it received and submitted a voluntary interim report in 2014 that was drafted in cooperation with the National Institute for Human Rights and civil society organizations.

We would like to express our concerns about the rights of the Bahraini child, especially with the growing exploitation of children in Bahraini villages and put them with violence, marches and acts of arson and Molotov cocktails by the parties and militant groups and this is causing serious violations to the future of children and juveniles in Bahrain, which require from the competent Bahraini authorities to put deterrent legal action from the exploitation of children by extremist parties in Bahrain.

We would like to express our severe concerns on the security and the safety of expatriate workers in Bahrain by being targeted by extremist and radical parties especially the villages of Bahrain (particularly against Asian labour) and their intimidation, threats and closure of their shops and their work forcibly and burning them if they did not close their shops that exposing workers to the risks posed due to the marches or street closure and the use of Molotov cocktails and other acts violence.