Bhutan Mid-term Implementation Assessment





Introduction

1. Purpose of the follow-up programme

The second and subsequent cycles of the review should focus on, inter alia, the implementation of the accepted recommendations and the development of the human rights situation in the State under review.

A/HRC/RES/16/21, 12 April 2011 (Annex I C § 6)

The Universal Periodic Review (UPR) process takes place every four and half years; however, some recommendations can be implemented immediately. In order to reduce this interval, we have created an update process to evaluate the human rights situation two years after the examination at the UPR.

Broadly speaking, *UPR Info* seeks to ensure the respect of commitments made in the UPR, but also, more specifically, to give stakeholders the opportunity to share their opinion on the commitments. To this end, about two years after the review, *UPR Info* invites States, NGOs, and National Institutions for Human Rights (NHRI) to share their comments on the implementation (or lack thereof) of recommendations adopted at the Human Rights Council (HRC) plenary session.

For this purpose, *UPR Info* publishes a Mid-term Implementation Assessment (MIA) including responses from each stakeholder. The MIA is meant to show how all stakeholders are disposed to follow through on, and implement their commitments. States should implement the recommendations that they have accepted, and civil society should monitor that implementation.

While the follow-up's importance has been highlighted by the HRC, no precise directives regarding the follow-up procedure have been set until now. Therefore, *UPR Info* is willing to share good practices as soon as possible, and to strengthen the collaboration pattern between States and stakeholders. Unless the UPR's follow-up is seriously considered, the UPR mechanism as a whole could be adversely affected.

The methodology used by UPR Info to collect data and to calculate index is described at the end of this document.

Geneva, 2 August 2012

Follow-up Outcomes

All data are available at the following address:

http://followup.upr-info.org/index/country/bhutan

We invite the reader to consult that webpage since all recommendations, all stakeholders' reports, as well as the unedited comments can be found at the same internet address.

6 stakeholders' reports were submitted for the UPR. 5 NGOs were contacted. The Permanent Mission to the UN was contacted. No domestic NHRI exits.

2 NGOs responded to our enquiry; only one contribution was take into account. The State under Review did not respond to our enquiry.

IRI: 0 recommendation is not implemented, 2 recommendations are partially implemented, and 0 recommendations is fully implemented. No answer was received for 148 out of 150 recommendations.

2. Feedbacks on recommendations

Recommendation n°8: Incorporate the definition and prohibition of torture and other cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment in national legislation (Recommended by Argentina).

IRI: partially implemented

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Recommendation n°113: Prohibit corporal punishment of children at home (Recommended by Slovenia).

IRI: partially implemented

Global Initiative to End All Corporal Punishment of Children (GIEACPC):

Recent law reform only partially addressed the problem of corporal punishment. The Child Care and Protection Act (2011) provides for a number of offences against children, including assault (article 212), cruelty (article 213), "harsh or degrading correction or punishment" (article 214) and battery (article 215). Article 214 prohibits "harsh or degrading correction or punishment" in the home, schools and other institutions but does not cover all corporal punishment; it states that "any corrective measures shall be culturally appropriate and in accordance with rules framed for the discipline of children". The interpretation of article 215 on battery is unclear. Article 11 of the Act states that programmes and services established under the Act shall "be culturally appropriate including any rules that may be required for the discipline of children". However, the drafting of Rules under the Act provides a further opportunity for ensuring that all corporal punishment is unlawful.

Methodology

A. First contact

Although the methodology has to consider the specificities of each country, we applied the same procedure for data collection about all States:

- 1. We contacted the Permanent Mission to the UN either in Geneva (when it does exist) or New York;
- 2. We contacted all NGOs which took part in the process. Whenever NGOs were part of coalitions, each NGO was individually contacted;
- 3. The National Institution for Human Rights was contacted whenever one existed.

We posted our requests to the States and NHRI, and sent emails to NGOs.

The purpose of the UPR is to discuss issues and share concrete suggestions to improve human rights on the ground. Therefore, stakeholders whose objective is not to improve the human rights situation were not contacted, and those stakeholders' submissions were not taken into account.

However, since the UPR is meant to be a process which aims at sharing best practices among States and stakeholders, we take into account positive feedbacks from the latter.

B. Processing the recommendations

The persons we contact are encouraged to use an Excel sheet we provide which includes all recommendations received by the State reviewed.

Each submission is processed, whether the stakeholder has or has not used the Excel sheet. In the latter case, the submission is split up among recommendations we think it belongs to. Since such a task is more prone to misinterpretation, we strongly encourage stakeholders to use the Excel sheet.

If the stakeholder does not clearly mention neither that the recommendation was "fully implemented" nor that it was "not implemented", UPR Info usually considers the recommendation as "partially implemented", unless the implementation level is obvious.

UPR Info retains the right to edit comments that are considered not to directly address the recommendation in question, when comments are too lengthy or when comments are defamatory or inappropriate. While we do not mention the recommendations which were not addressed, they can be accessed unedited on the follow-up webpage.

C. Implementation Recommendation Index (IRI)

UPR Info developed an index showing the implementation level achieved by the State for the recommendations received at the UPR.

The **Implementation Recommendation Index** (IRI) is an individual recommendation index. Its purpose is to show an average of stakeholders' responses.

The *IRI* is meant to take into account stakeholders disputing the implementation of a recommendation. Whenever a stakeholder claims nothing has been implemented at all, the index score is 0. At the opposite, whenever a stakeholder claims a recommendation has been fully implemented, the *IRI* score is 1.

An average is calculated to fully reflect the many sources of information. If the State under Review claims that the recommendation has been fully implemented, and a stakeholder says it has been partially implemented, the score is 0.75.

Then the score is transformed into an implementation level, according to the table below:

Percentage:	Implementation level:
0 - 0.32	Not implemented
0.33 - 0.65	Partially implemented
0.66 – 1	Fully implemented

<u>Example</u>: On one side, a stakeholder comments on a recommendation requesting the establishment of a National Human Rights Institute (NHRI). On the other side, the State under review claims having partially set up the NHRI. As a result of this, the recommendation will be given an *IRI* score of 0.25, and thus the recommendation is considered as "not implemented".

Disclaimer

The comments made by the authors (stakeholders) are theirs alone, and do not necessarily reflect the views, and opinions at UPR Info. Every attempt has been made to ensure that information provided on this page is accurate and not abusive. UPR Info cannot be held responsible for information provided in this document.

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